

SEC Number: CS200321240

File Number: _____

CEBU LANDMASTERS, INC.

(Company's Full Name)

**10TH FLOOR, PARK CENTRALE, B2 L3,
JOSE MA. DEL MAR ST.,
CEBU IT PARK, APAS, CEBU CITY**

(Company Address)

(032) 231-4870

(Telephone Number)

June 30, 2023

(Quarter Ended)

SEC Form 17-Q Quarterly Report

(Form Type)

-

(Amendments)

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
SEC FORM 17-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE
SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2)(b) THEREUNDER

1. For the quarterly period ended June 30 , 2023
2. Commission Identification Number CS200321240
3. BIR Tax Identification No. 227-599-320
4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter: CEBU LANDMASTERS, INC
5. Province, Country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization:
CEBU CITY, CEBU, PHILIPPINES
6. Industry Classification Code: _____ (SEC Use Only)
7. Address of the issuer's principal office and postal code:
10TH FLOOR, PARK CENTRALE, B2 L3, JOSE MA. DEL MAR ST.,
CEBU IT PARK, APAS, CEBU CITY
Postal code: 6000
9. Issuer's telephone number, including area code: (032) 231-4870
10. Former name, former address, former fiscal year: Not applicable
11. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or
Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of each class	Number of shares issued and outstanding
COMMON SHARES	3,465,201,467

Stock Exchange: Philippine Stock Exchange

Securities listed: Common shares

12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:
 - (a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports):
Yes ☒ No ☐
 - (b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days:
Yes ☒ No ☐

I. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OVERVIEW

CLI is the leading residential developer in Visayas and Mindanao. The Company's story began with a vision to provide quality homes for everyday Filipinos. Jose R. Soberano III founded CLI and incorporated the Company on September 26, 2003. On June 2, 2017, the Company was listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange ("PSE") with "CLI" as its ticker symbol. A total of 430,000,000 shares were issued and fully subscribed at ₱5.00 per share. CLI's initial public offering was instrumental in this growth, as it raised ₱2.15 billion worth of fresh capital from investors – boosting its expansion in new locations and fueling its various projects.

To date, CLI has more than 115 projects in different development stages and established a diverse portfolio of residences, offices, hotels, mixed-use properties, and townships across 16 key areas in the VisMin region. CLI has recorded in 2022 a 26% compounded annual growth rate in earnings to 3.17Bn and its assets grew 12.5x to 80B since it went public in 2017.

The Company bagged the Best Developer of the Philippines in 2019 and the Best Developer in Visayas and Mindanao 2021 and 2022 during the PPA and Asia Property Awards, winning against other well-established players in the industry.

The Company engaged Colliers international to conduct an independent study in 2022 on the VisMin real estate market to determine CLI's positioning compared to its peers in the region. The said study named CLI as the top residential developer in VisMin in 2022 with the largest market share among real estate firms. CLI remains to dominate the residential market in key vismin cities with 21% over-all residential share in net take-up value.

COMPANY MILESTONES

During the first half of the year, CLI launched six projects worth P13.5 billion. This includes Casa Mira Towers Palawan's fourth tower after the successful sale of its first three towers, Costa Mira Beachtown Panglao's third tower after its first two sold out last year, and the company's first house and lot project in Davao – Casa Mira Homes Davao. This new inventory, along with the high demand for the company's award-winning Casa Mira brand, helped CLI record its highest H1 reservation sales figure in company history, increasing by 36% to P10.5 billion during the period.

Davao projects accounted for the majority of the sales with 35% of the total, Cebu with 31%, Bohol with 15%, Bacolod and Palawan both with 8% each while Dumaguete, Iloilo, Ormoc, and CDO contributed the remaining of the total sales.

In terms of market segment, Casa Mira - Economic brand led the market with 64% of total sales, primarily from Casa Mira Davao, Casa Mira Danao and Casa Mira Towers in Bacolod.

To date, CLI has already sold out 90% of its inventory across all projects in various phases of development, enabling the company to continue to expand its unrecognized revenue to 29.7 billion, up from 29.3 billion as of the end of 2022.

For the next months in 2023, CLI will be launching more developments from its 19 pipeline projects worth ₱29.7 billion.

The company has invested P5 billion in capital projects so far this year, 79% of which went toward residential development, 12% spent for land acquisition, and 9% into development of investment property. CLI is expanding in Mindanao by most recently purchasing 21 hectares in General Santos City, increasing its landbank to 113 hectares with a total value of P10 billion. With this acquisition, CLI is serving the region's robust and consistent housing demand, being present in 16 key VisMin cities.

During the year, CLI also received various recognitions starting with the 5-Star BERDE Certification which was officially turned over by the Philippine Green Building Council, led by their CEO, Mr. Chris de la Cruz. Latitude Corporate Center is the FIRST 5-Star BERDE Certified Office Building in Cebu City, with its iconic design masterfully crafted for great businesses.

Furthermore, BCI Asia Philippines once again recognized the company as one of the Top 10 Developers in the Philippines for 2023, making this the sixth year in a row that it has won. This acknowledgment reinforces the company's dedication to delivering creative and sustainable developments.

The 2023 Asia-Pacific Stevie Awards have also recognized Cebu Landmasters Inc. as one of the Bronze Stevie Winners for Innovative Achievement in Corporate Social Responsibility. This distinction represents the company's unwavering dedication to sustainability and exceptional efforts in improving the environment and society at large.

REVIEW ON THE COMPANY'S RESULTS OF OPERATION

January 1 to June 30, 2023 vs January 1 to June 30, 2022

Cebu Landmasters, Inc. consolidated net income increased to ₱2.1 billion for the period ended June 30, 2023, a Y-O-Y 32% increase from ₱1.6 billion. While NIAT to parent increased by 9% to ₱1.68 billion from ₱1.55 billion. Earnings grew as a result of strong performance across all revenue streams, which led to CLI's consolidated revenue to increase by 23% to ₱9.15 billion from ₱7.36 billion the previous year. This is supported by higher construction progress and take-up of new launches that also led to the highest first-half reservation sales figure in the company's history. Using the weighted average shares of 3,465,201,467, this led to earnings per share for the period of ₱0.49 vs last year's ₱0.45.

REVENUES

Real estate sales

Real estate sales recorded a significant 22% year-over-year increase in revenue to ₱9 billion from ₱7.44 billion. Higher construction progress and more units that qualified for revenue recognition were the causes of the reported improvement.

Revenue per Market segment reported the following performance:

Premier Masters (Premier market) recorded revenue of ₱2.56 billion, an increase of 56% y-o-y from ₱1.65 billion mainly driven by the new revenue qualifications from Costa Mira Beachtown Mactan, Citadines Paragon and One Paragon Place.

Garden Series (Mid-market), likewise grew 71% y-o-y from ₱2 billion to ₱3.46 billion. The increase was steered by The East Village, the first residential project of CLI's Davao Global Township (DGT) and Mandtra Residences in Cebu.

Casa Mira Series (Economic market) reported ₱2.92 billion, declined by 20% y-o-y from ₱3.68 billion, driven by Casa Mira Towers LPU Davao, Casa Mira Iloilo, Casa Mira Towers CDO and Casa Mira Towers Mandaue.

In terms of location, Mindanao contributed significantly which accounted for 41% of its overall revenues. Cebu and Visayas (ex-Cebu) contributing 36% and 21%, respectively. The increase in share in revenue outside Cebu were driven by new projects such as East Village Residences, Casa Mira Towers Bacolod, Casa Mira Towers Palawan and Costa Mira Beach Panglao.

The Company expects to grow real estate revenue contribution from projects newly launched during the period.

Leasing

Company's rental revenues also grew to ₱50 million, a 41% y-o-y increase from ₱35 million, due to a combination of lease rate increases and revenue contribution from newly completed projects such as Latitude Corporate Center and Baseline HQ.

Hotel operations

Travel and leisure sector resurgence, propelled CLI's hotel operations to generate ₱57 million revenue from ₱32 million of the same period last year, a robust 74% growth fueled by an increase in bookings and higher room rates of Citadines Cebu City.

Management Fee

This included the project management fee that CLI charges for being the project manager on joint venture projects and the property management fee for CLI Property Management (CLIPMI) services provided to CLI's completed projects. During the year, the parent company's project management revenue reached ₱31 Million. On the other hand, property management fees increased by 27% to ₱15 million, from ₱12 million in the same period last year, reflecting an increase in managed projects by the property arm.

COST AND EXPENSES***Cost of sales and services***

In line with the growth in revenue performance, the company's cost of sales for the six months ending June 30 2023, was reported at ₱4.98 billion, a 21% year-over-year increase from ₱4.13 billion.

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses during the period amounted to ₱1.28 billion, a 19% y-o-y increase from ₱1.08 billion of the same period in 2022. The increase was mainly driven by commissions and incentives which grew by 36% to ₱541 million in line with the increase in revenue from real estate sales and robust sales performance during the period.

The company carefully balanced its debt mix of 65% fixed and 35% floating rates. Due to this, CLI is able to maintain its competitive rate of 6.22% despite an increase in benchmark rates. The stated rate, while being higher than the previous year, is nonetheless competitive when compared to current capital raising rates charged in the sector.

In October 7, 2022, CLI listed its first tranche of ₱15 billion bonds worth ₱5 Billion with the following tenors:

- Series A with a tenor of 3.5 years with a fixed rate of 6.4222%
- Series B with a tenor of 5.5 years with a fixed rate of 6.9884%
- Series C with a tenor of 7 years with a fixed rate of 7.3649%

The proceeds from the Bonds raised will extend the debt maturity of the company and lock in rates to address any interest rate risk brought about by the challenging macro environment.

NIAT ATTRIBUTABLE TO NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST (NCI)

For the period ended June 30, 2023, NIAT attributable to NCI increased substantially to ₱432 million from ₱49 million in H1 2022. This growth is due to increasing contributions from new joint venture projects such as The East Village T1-T4 (YHEST) in Davao, Calle 104 T1-T2 (BL RAMOS) in Cebu and Costa Mira Beachtown Panglao in Bohol.

REVIEW ON THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL CONDITION

As of June 30, 2023, vs December 31, 2022

CLI's balance sheet remains strong and healthy to support construction and expansion plans. As of June 30, 2023, CLI reported total assets of ₱92.96 billion, an increase of 9% from ₱85.04 billion as of December 31, 2022 driven by progress in construction from sold units

ASSETS

31% decrease in Cash and Cash equivalents

Due to payments on loans such as Retail Bonds, Corporate Notes 1 and Project Term Loans for Baseline Prestige and Latitude Corporate Center, as well as other payables to contractors and suppliers.

24% decrease in Receivables (including non-current portion)

Declined from ₱3.68 billion to ₱2.78 billion due to collections from completed projects.

21% increase in Contract assets (including non-current portion)

Increase to ₱38.81 billion from ₱31.98 billion mainly from installment contracts on existing and newly launched projects during the year that continue to recognize real estate sales revenue as construction progresses.

6% increase in Real Estate Inventory

from ₱18.31 billion to ₱19.50 billion due to new land acquisitions and higher construction progress of the company's projects.

90% decrease in Deposit on land for future development

from ₱130 million to ₱13.25 million mainly due to the transfer to raw land inventory

60% increase in Due from related parties

from ₱35.80 million to ₱57.3 million due to transactions paid by CLI (Parent) on behalf of its related parties.

25% increase in Prepayments and other current assets

from ₱4.96 billion to ₱6.22 billion due to advances to subcontractors & suppliers on newly awarded projects.

19% increase in Property and Equipment

from ₱4.81 billion to ₱5.73 billion due to the construction of new offices and branches to support CLI's expanding developments.

2% decrease in Right of use asset

from ₱1.17 billion to ₱1.15 billion due to amortization of high-value leasehold rights

2% decrease in Investment Properties

from ₱17.88 billion to ₱17.35 billion attributed to ongoing construction of recurring income generating projects such as Masters Tower, Abaca Resort, Astra Corporate Center and Davao Global Township.

43% decrease in non-current assets

from ₱648.82 million to ₱368.71 million due to significant decrease in advances to contractors

LIABILITIES

10% increase in Interest-bearing loans and borrowings (including non-current portion)

from ₱40 billion to ₱44 billion due to new availments from project term loans

13% Increase in Trade Payables (including non-current portion)

from ₱19.04 billion to ₱21.51 billion due to accruals made on unbilled costs to match with revenue recognized.

1% decrease in Contract Liabilities

from ₱718.61 million to ₱613.37 million due to an increase in collections from buyers coming from new project launches that are ahead of the stage of completion.

598% increase in Income Tax Payable

from ₱3.65 million to ₱10.10 million due to the accrual of income tax due for the period.

17% Deferred tax liabilities - net

from ₱3.03 billion to ₱3.54 billion due to additional recognized tax liability on taxable temporary differences.

EQUITY

8% increase in Parent Company's Retained Earnings

Due to the Net income recognized during the period.

I. KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Cebu Landmasters Inc. (CLI or the "Company") uses a range of financial and operational key performance indicators ("**KPIs**") to help measure and manage its

performance. These KPIs reflect the Company's continuous focus on efficiency, cost control and profitability across all its operations. Management considers the following as KPIs:

	YTD June 30, 2023	YTD June 30, 2022
Gross Profit Margin ¹	46%	45%
Net Income Margin ²	23%	21%
EBITDA ³	₱3.59 billion	₱2.59 billion
EBITDA Margin ⁴	21%	17%
Interest Coverage Ratio ⁵	3.54	4.22
	As of June 30, 2023	As of December 31, 2022
Return on Assets ⁶	5%	5%
Return on Equity (Parent) ⁷	26%	26%
Current Ratio ⁸	1.52	1.61
Net Debt to Equity Ratio ⁹	1.89	1.84

1. Gross Profit Margin is gross profit as a percentage of revenues
2. Net Income Margin is consolidated net income as a percentage of revenues
3. EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization from continuing operations, and before exceptional items.
4. EBITDA margin is EBITDA as a percentage of revenues
5. Interest Coverage ratio is Interest coverage ratio is computed by dividing EBITDA (Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, Amortization) to interest paid during the period. For purposes of the covenants, the ratio shall be computed using 12-months trailing EBITDA plus cash balance over interest due for the next year
6. Return on Average Assets is net income as a percentage of the average assets as at year-end and assets as at end of the immediately preceding year.
7. Return on Average Equity is net income as a percentage of the average of the equity as at year-end and equity as at end of the immediately preceding year.
8. Current Ratio is current assets divided by current liabilities
9. Net Debt-to-Equity Ratio is interest bearing debt less cash and cash equivalents over total equity
10. Debt to Equity is interest bearing debt over total equity

The Company's gross profit margin is dependent on the mix of revenue during the period. During the first half of 2023, 28% of the Company's topline was attributable to premier series projects which had a higher Gross Profit Margin of 74% compared to the other segments. Additionally, recurring projects showed a remarkable revenue recovery, these projects have Gross Profit Margins with over 50% to 60%. Meanwhile, Net Income Margin remains healthy at 23%.

Cebu Landmasters continue to implement cost efficiency measures that enabled the company to post stable and healthy margins despite the challenging market environment.

For the period ended June 30, 2023, all other ratios remain healthy with Return on Assets at 5% and Return on Equity (Parent) at 26%. Net Debt to Equity ratio slightly increased to 1.89x to finance new project launches. The Company's current ratio projects ample liquidity at 1.52x.

Management together with key officers continue to effectively handle their respective operations and financial requirements despite the high-inflation environment. As a result, CLI's financial position remains liquid and strong.

KPIS SUBJECT OF LOAN COVENANTS

The notes facility agreements to which CLI is a party require that it should maintain the following financial ratios, with testing to be done by the Facility Agent annually based on CLI's year-end audited consolidated financial statements:

- a. a Debt-to-Equity Ratio not exceeding 2.5:1;
- b. a Current Ratio of 1:1; and
- c. Interest Coverage Ratio of at least 3:1.

"Debt-to-Equity Ratio" means the result obtained by dividing (i) the amount of interest-bearing liabilities of the Issuer by (ii) total Equity of the Issuer, in each case as appearing in the latest consolidated audited balance sheet of the Issuer; provided, that if the Issuer issues preferred shares which are (1) either redeemable at fixed date, or redeemable at the option of the holder of the preferred shares, and (2) the Issuer is obliged to make payments in the form of either interest or dividends, or the terms and conditions of the issuance of preferred shares oblige the Issuer to distribute a specific percentage of profits, then such preferred shares shall be categorized as liabilities falling under (i) hereof, otherwise, it shall be classified as part of Equity when computing the Debt-to-Equity Ratio. "Equity" means, at any date and as shown in the latest consolidated audited balance sheet of the Issuer, the aggregate of outstanding capital stock, additional paid-in capital, equity reserve and retained earnings.

"Current Ratio" means the proportion of Current Assets to Current Liabilities and is determined by dividing Current Assets by Current Liabilities. "Current Assets" means, at any date, the aggregate current assets as shown in the latest consolidated balance sheet of the Issuer (as at such date), prepared in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines as set forth in PFRS. "Current Liabilities" means, at any date, the aggregate current liabilities as shown in the latest consolidated balance sheet of the Issuer (as at such date), prepared in compliance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Philippines as set forth in PFRS.

For purposes of the covenant on Interest Coverage Ratio, the ratio shall be computed using 12-months trailing EBITDA plus cash balance over interest due for the next year. "EBITDA" means, during the relevant period, the net earnings of the Issuer before deducting net interest expense, income tax, depreciation, and amortization, as determined in accordance with PFRS and based on the Issuer's consolidated audited financial statements.

II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1 2nd QUARTER 2023 DEVELOPMENTS

A. New Projects or Investments in another line of business or corporation. None

B. Composition of Board of Directors

Name	Position
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Jose R. Soberano III	Chairman of the Board, CEO and President
Ma. Rosario B. Soberano	Director, Treasurer and Executive Vice-President
Jose Franco B. Soberano	Director, Chief Operating Officer and Executive Vice-President
Joanna Marie B. Soberano-Bergundthal	Director, Vice President for Marketing, Assistant Treasurer
Beauregard Grant L. Cheng	Director, Chief Financial Officer
Stephen A. Tan	Non-Executive Director
Rufino Luis Manotok	Independent Director
Ma. Aurora D. Geotina-Garcia	Independent Director
Atty. Ma. Jasmine S. Oporto	Independent Director

C. Performance of the corporation or result/progress of operations.

Please see unaudited Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis.

D. Declaration of Dividends.

On March 20, 2023, the Board declared a regular and special cash dividend amounting to ₱0.15 per share and ₱0.03 per share totaling ₱623 million to stockholders on record as of April 18, 2023 and was paid on April 28, 2023.

E. Contracts of merger, consolidation or joint venture; contract of management, licensing, marketing, distributorship, technical assistance or similar agreements.

As of June 30, 2023, the Company holds ownership interests in the following subsidiaries and associates:

<u>Entity</u>	<u>Effective Percentage of Ownership</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
<i>Subsidiaries</i>		
CLI Premier Hotels Int'l. Inc. (CPH)	100	100
Cebu Landmasters Property Management, Inc. (CPM)	100	100
A.S. Fortuna Property Ventures, Inc. (ASF)	100	100
CLI Hotels and Resorts, Inc. (CHR)	100	100
BL CBP Ventures, Inc. (BL Ventures)	50	50
Yuson Excellence Soberano, Inc. (YES)	50	50
Yuson Huang Excellence Soberano, Inc. (YHES)	50	50
YHEST Realty and Development Corporation (YHEST)	50	50

CCLI Premier Hotels, Inc. (CCLI)	50	50
YHES Premier Hotels Inc. (YHESPH)	50	50
Mivesa Garden Residences, Inc. (MGR)	45	45
El Camino Developers Cebu, Inc. (El Camino)	35	35
Cebu Homegrown Developers, Inc. (CHDI)	50	50
Cebu BL-Ramos Ventures, Inc. (CBLRV)	50	50
GGTT Realty Corporation (GGTT)	50	50
CLI-LITE Panglao Inc. (CLI-LITE)	88	88
Ming-mori Development Corporation (MDC)	78	78
Sugbo Prime Estates (SPE)	64	64
<i>Associates</i>		
Icom Air Corporation (ICOM)	33	33
Magspeak Nature Park, Inc. (Magspeak)	25	25

CLI Premier Hotels Int'l. Inc. a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, was incorporated on August 26, 2016 to take charge of Citadines Cebu City and the Company's future hotel developments. The commercial operations started on September 14, 2019. Its principal office address is at 10th Floor, Park Centrale Tower, J.M. Del Mar St., Cebu IT Park, Brgy. Apas, Cebu City.

Cebu Landmasters Property Management, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, was incorporated on April 20, 2017 to provide property management services initially to housing and condominium projects developed by the Company. It is envisioned to eventually offer and expand its services to outside clients. The commercial operations started on September 1, 2017. Its principal office address is at 10th Floor, Park Centrale Tower, J.M. Del Mar St., Cebu IT Park, Brgy. Apas, Cebu City.

A.S. Fortuna Property Ventures, Inc. was incorporated as a joint venture on March 9, 2017 to facilitate the acquisition of a 9,989-sq.m. property along AS Fortuna Avenue for the development of the Astra Center Mandaue, a mixed-use development in the AS Fortuna Mandaue area that will house a hotel, residential and office development and a boutique mall. CLI acquired all the ownership interest of its business partners at the end of 2017 which made ASF its wholly owned subsidiary as of December 31, 2017. Its principal office is located at 10th Floor, Park Centrale Tower, Josemaria del Mar St., Cebu IT Park, Brgy. Apas, Cebu City.

CLI Hotels and Resorts, Inc. was incorporated on August 4, 2022 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of CLI and is engaged to run and manage the Group's various hotel projects. Its principal place of business is located in Cebu City. As at December 31, 2022, CHR has yet to start commercial operations.

BL CBP Ventures, Inc. was incorporated on February 3, 2016 to develop Latitude Corporate Center, a 24-storey office development at the Cebu Business Park. BL CBP Ventures, Inc. was a joint venture of the Company and Borromeo Bros, Inc. Its principal office address is at AB Soberano Bldg., Salvador Ext., Labangon, Cebu City.

Yuson Excellence Soberano, Inc. was incorporated on December 15, 2016 to mark the Company's entry into the Davao market. It is a joint venture between the Company and Yuson Comm. Investments Inc. to undertake the development of MesaTierra Garden Residences. It will also engage in real estate brokering to facilitate the marketing and sale of the joint venture developments in Davao. Its principal office address is at Suite A, 204 Plaza De Luisa Complex, 140 R. Magsaysay Ave. in Davao City.

Yuson Huang Excellence Soberano, Inc. was incorporated on November 10, 2017 to develop the Paragon Davao Riverside Davao. The development will become a mixed-use real estate which will include a residential, retail, hotel and convention center. YHES Inc., is a joint venture of CLI, Yuson Strategic Holdings Inc., and Davao Filandia Realty Corp. Its principal office is located at MesaTierra Garden Residences Showroom, E. Quirino Avenue in Davao City.

YHEST Realty and Development, Inc. was incorporated on August 10, 2018 to develop the Davao Global Township. YHEST Realty and Development is a joint venture between CLI, Yuson Strategic Holdings Inc., Davao Filandia Realty Corp., Plaza De Luisa Development Inc., Yuson Newtown Corp., and Davao Primeland Properties Corp. Its principal address is at MesaTierra Garden Residences Showroom, E. Quirino Avenue in Davao City.

CCLI Premier Hotels, Inc. was incorporated on November 12, 2018 as an undertaking between CLI and Capitaine, Inc. for the development of Citadines hotel in Bacolod City. The Citadines hotel is planned to be managed by Ascott. The principal place of business of CCLI is located at the 2nd floor MesaVirre showroom in Bacolod City.

YHES Premier Hotels Inc. was incorporated on October 28, 2019 as a wholly owned subsidiary of YHES that will engage in hotel business. Its ultimate parent is CLI which owns 50% of YHES. THE SPH has not yet started its commercial operations.

Mivesa Garden Residences, Inc. was incorporated on March 13, 2017 to develop Towers 6 and 7 (Phase 3) of Mivesa Garden Residences, a real property development project located on a 3,000-sq.m. property. Its principal office is located at 10th Floor, Park Centrale

Tower, Josemaria del Mar St., Cebu IT Park, Brgy. Apas, Cebu City. CLI holds a 45% stake in MGR.

EL Camino Developers Cebu, Inc. was incorporated on August 15, 2016 to develop a 1.17-hectare property inside the Cebu IT Park. Its principal office address is at Base Line Center, Juana Osmeña St., Brgy. Kamputhaw, Cebu City. The Company has a 35% stake in El Camino.

Cebu Homegrown Developers, Inc., a joint venture of Aboitizland and CLI, was recently incorporated on December 5, 2019 to develop a high-rise mixed-use condominium complex in Mandaue City, Cebu. The Company has a 50% stake in CHDI.

Cebu BL-Ramos Ventures, Inc. was incorporated on February 21, 2020 as an undertaking between CLI and BBEI and is engaged in the development of a mixed-use condominium tower in Cebu City. Its principal place of business also is located in Cebu City.

GGTT Realty Corporation was incorporated on March 26, 2003 and is engaged to construct a residential condominium project in its principal place of business in Iloilo City. On June 16, 2020, CLI acquired 50% ownership in GGTT to obtain a controlling interest in the company. As of December 31, 2020, the transaction was accounted for by the Group as- an asset acquisition. In the first quarter of 2021, GGTT has started commercial operations, hence, was constituted as an acquisition of a business.

Icom Air Corporation was incorporated on December 7, 2020 as an undertaking of CLI and various individual stockholders to import aircraft(s) and operate a transportation business in the Philippines. ICOM's principal place of business is located in Iloilo City.

CLI-LITE was incorporated on July 19, 2021 as an undertaking by CLI and two other corporations for the development of a mixed-use project with residential condominiums and a possible hotel component in Panglao Island, Bohol. The principal place of business of CLI-LITE is located at Cebu City.

SPE was formed in 2019 as a one person corporation and was converted to an ordinary stock corporation after entering into a joint venture with CLI on March 4, 2021, for the development of a dormitory with retail and warehouse spaces. The principal place of business of SPE is located in Cebu City.

Magspeak Nature Park, Inc. was incorporated on October 21, 2011 to acquire, lease and develop lands into nature and ecotourism parks in Balamban Cebu, and to manage and operate the same. CLI holds a 25% stake in Magspeak.

Ming-mori Development Corporation was incorporated on August 1, 2013 to undertake and execute land reclamation projects, submit bids and accept awards for reclamation projects, and manage, hold and sell reclaimed land and other real property. MDC is the private consortium that has proposed to undertake the Ming-Mori Reclamation Project of the Municipality of Minglanilla, which involves the development of the Minglanilla TechnoBusiness Hub, a 100-hectare techno-business park in the progressive town of Minglanilla, a mere 30 minutes away from Cebu City. The Company has subscribed to 20% in Ming-Mori Development Corporation.

F. Offering of rights, granting of Stock Options and corresponding plans thereof.

The Board of Directors of Cebu Landmasters, Inc. ("Company" or "CLI") during its Special Board meeting in 6 October 2021 has approved the Executive Stock Option Plan (ESOP) for qualified officers of CLI. This is a type of performance incentive, where options are granted to purchase the shares of the Company at a discount.

The shares that may be exercised from these options will be sourced from the treasury shares of the Company or from publicly traded shares. The objectives of the plan are a) to Attract, retain, and motivate talented and key employees; b) Encourage employees to align individual performance with Company objectives; and c.) Reward employee performance with stockholdings in proportion to their contribution to the Company.

Each level has a predetermined number of shares exercisable per year with a four-year vesting period. The exercise price is the higher of Php 2.25 or current market price with a 15% discount. The current market price is computed as the average of the closing price for the last five trading days.

Shares bought under the ESOP cannot be sold, assigned, or transferred in any manner for least 6 months from the exercise date.

Voting and dividend rights vests upon the issuance of the shares to the employees.

In April 12, 2022, CLI granted exercise of 3,349,000 and 470 CLI shares to beneficiaries/participants under CLI Executive Stock Option Plan sourced from

the treasury shares of the Company at the market price of 2.98 and 3.00 respectively.

G. Acquisition of additional mining claims or other capital assets or patents, formula, real estate.

Not Applicable

H. Other information, material events or happenings that may have affected or may affect market price of security.

None

I. Transferring of assets, except in the normal course of business.

None

III. OTHER NOTES TO SECOND QUARTER OF 2021 OPERATIONS AND FINANCIALS

J. Nature and amount of items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income, or cash flows that are unusual because of their nature, size, or incidents.

None

K. Nature and amount of changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior periods and their material effect in the current period.

None

L. Nature and amount of changes in estimates of amounts reported in prior periods and their material effect in the current period.

None

M. New financing through loans/ issuances, repurchases and repayments of debt and equity securities.

See Notes to Financial Statements and Management Discussion and Analysis.

N. Material events subsequent to the end of the interim period that have not been reflected in the financial statements for the interim period.

None

O. The effect of changes in the composition of the issuer during the interim period including business combinations, acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries and long-term investments, restructurings, and discontinuing operations.

None

P. Changes in Contingent Liabilities or contingent assets since the last annual balance sheet date.

None

Q. Other material events or transactions during the interim period.

None

R. Existence of material contingencies during the interim period; events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

None

S. Material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.

None.

T. Material commitments for capital expenditures, general purpose and expected sources of funds

The Company's target capital expenditures for the year amounts to ₱13.5 billion.

U. Known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have an impact on sales/revenues/ income from continuing operations.

None

V. Significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from continuing operations

None

W. Causes for any material change/s from period to period in one or more line items of the financial statements.

None

X. Seasonal aspects that had a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations.

None

Y. Disclosures not made under SEC Form 17C

None

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ISSUER

CEBU LANDMASTERS, INC.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING OFFICER

Beauregard Grant L. Cheng
Chief Finance Officer

DATE

August 10, 2023



Beauregard Grant L. Cheng
Chief Finance Officer

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me, a notary public for and in the City of Cebu this AUG 10 2023, Beauregard Grant Cheng who is personally known to me and who signed the above SEC Form 17-Q Quarterly Report in my presence and swore as to said document that he understood the contents thereof and the same is his free and voluntary act and deed as well as the corporation represented therein.

Witness my hand and seal on the date and place above mentioned.


Doc. No. : 462 ;

Page No.: 94 ;

Book No.: 2 ;

Series of : 2028 ;



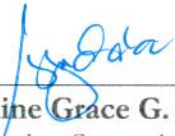

ATTY. EDELINE O. COSICOL
Notary Public
Notarial Commission No. 040-23, Cebu City
Valid until December 31, 2024
Roll of Attorneys No. 82445
MCLE Compliance No. VIII-0000258, issued on 03-30-2022
PTR No. 1023144 ; 12-07-2022; Cebu
JAP No. 242099 ; 12-08-2022, Cebu Chapter
13th Flr. Park Centrale Tower, J.M. Del Mar St.,
Cebu I.T. Park, Apas, Cebu City

**STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT APPROVAL
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

August 04, 2023

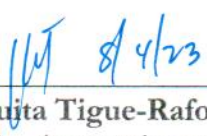
We confirm that the undersigned have authorized the interim consolidated financial statements of **CEBU LANDMASTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES** for the **PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023** for issue on **August 10, 2023**.

Prepared by:



Klaudine Grace G. Nedruda
Accounting Supervisor

Checked by:



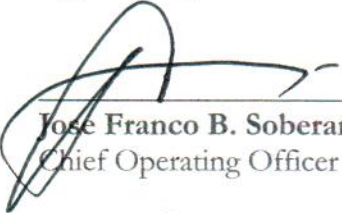
Paquita Tigie-Rafols
AVP – Accounting and Finance

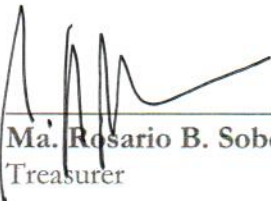
Recommended for approval:




Beauregard Grant L. Cheng
Chief Financial Officer

Approved by:



Jose Franco B. Soberano
Chief Operating Officer

Ma. Rosario B. Soberano
Treasurer

Jose R. Soberano III
Chairman / President

CEBU LANDMASTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A Subsidiary of A B Soberano Holdings Corp.)
UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
JUNE 30, 2023 AND DECEMBER 31, 2022
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

A S S E T S	<u>Notes</u>	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2022 (Audited)
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	P 986,818,537	P 1,434,559,762
Receivables - net	5	2,630,520,081	3,571,775,532
Contract assets - net	17	21,456,139,804	16,208,926,784
Real estate inventories	6	19,497,267,796	18,309,208,981
Deposits on land for future development	7	13,250,000	129,996,729
Due from related parties	24	57,297,508	35,802,341
Prepayments and other current assets	8	6,223,323,379	4,964,507,403
Total Current Assets		50,864,617,105	44,654,777,532
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Receivables - net	5	153,403,545	106,500,218
Contract assets - net	17	17,356,644,550	15,770,136,750
Investments in associates	9	130,756,319	133,559,576
Property and equipment - net	10	5,726,084,067	4,813,732,450
Right-of-use assets	11	1,148,695,967	1,168,049,405
Investment properties - net	12	17,215,706,862	17,749,297,533
Other non-current assets - net	13	368,708,177	648,815,560
Total Non-current Assets		42,099,999,487	40,390,091,492
TOTAL ASSETS		P 92,964,616,592	P 85,044,869,024
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	14	P 11,549,239,672	P 8,123,643,987
Trade and other payables	16	21,344,563,363	18,843,635,888
Contract liabilities	17	504,284,693	598,361,867
Customers' deposits	17	109,087,323	120,250,096
Lease liabilities	11	17,101,568	54,145,058
Income tax payable		10,103,966	3,646,417
Total Current Liabilities		33,534,380,585	27,743,683,313
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	14	27,049,783,370	26,938,646,624
Bonds payable	15	4,939,303,016	4,930,582,631
Trade and other payables	16	161,727,308	195,075,703
Lease liabilities	11	1,213,687,892	1,182,914,425
Post-employment defined benefit obligation		2,470,733	9,390,095
Deferred tax liabilities - net		3,539,552,634	3,031,961,340
Total Non-current Liabilities		36,906,524,953	36,288,570,818
Total Liabilities		70,440,905,538	64,032,254,131
EQUITY			
Equity attributable to shareholders of Parent Company	25	14,560,493,636	13,501,563,155
Non-controlling interest		7,963,217,418	7,511,051,738
Total Equity		22,523,711,054	21,012,614,893
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		P 92,964,616,592	P 85,044,869,024

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CEBU LANDMASTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A Subsidiary of A B Soberano Holdings Corp.)
UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Notes	Apr to June 2023 (Unaudited)	Jan to June 2023 (Unaudited)	Apr to June 2022 (Unaudited)	Jan to June 2022 (Unaudited)
REVENUES	17				
Sale of real estates		P 4,298,418,429	P 9,009,495,380	P 3,825,313,025	P 7,363,975,335
Hotel operations		27,476,939	56,659,195	16,178,147	32,515,100
Rental		28,599,156	50,004,072	17,812,177	35,386,304
Management fees		<u>15,537,085</u>	<u>30,844,727</u>	<u>12,461,437</u>	<u>24,491,883</u>
		4,370,031,609	9,147,003,374	3,871,764,786	7,456,368,622
COST OF SALES AND SERVICES	18	(<u>2,337,305,070</u>)	(<u>4,979,041,771</u>)	(<u>2,199,279,316</u>)	(<u>4,130,656,994</u>)
GROSS PROFIT		2,032,726,539	4,167,961,603	1,672,485,470	3,325,711,628
OPERATING EXPENSES	19	(<u>660,689,518</u>)	(<u>1,284,555,437</u>)	(<u>550,804,161</u>)	(<u>1,082,823,246</u>)
OTHER OPERATING INCOME	20	<u>87,426,608</u>	<u>271,241,462</u>	<u>36,497,431</u>	<u>99,371,392</u>
OPERATING PROFIT		1,459,463,629	3,154,647,628	1,158,178,740	2,342,259,774
FINANCE COSTS	21	(<u>180,632,300</u>)	(<u>342,707,718</u>)	(<u>124,517,757</u>)	(<u>236,825,775</u>)
SHARE IN NET LOSS OF ASSOCIATES	9	(<u>4,896,629</u>)	(<u>5,553,256</u>)	(<u>32,690</u>)	(<u>192,066</u>)
FINANCE INCOME		799,751	1,425,971	632,659	1,220,465
IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS		(<u>405,079</u>)	(<u>405,079</u>)	-	(<u>591,813</u>)
OTHER LOSSES	20	(<u>873,543</u>)	(<u>2,236,242</u>)	(<u>2,891,673</u>)	(<u>2,920,274</u>)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		1,273,455,829	2,805,171,304	1,031,369,279	2,102,950,311
TAX EXPENSE	23	(<u>331,296,924</u>)	(<u>690,238,879</u>)	(<u>252,123,166</u>)	(<u>503,506,729</u>)
NET PROFIT		<u>P 942,158,905</u>	<u>P 2,114,932,425</u>	<u>P 779,246,113</u>	<u>P 1,599,443,582</u>
Net profit attributable to:					
Parent Company's shareholders		794,210,821	P 1,682,666,745	P 739,862,204	P 1,550,498,771
Non-controlling interests		<u>147,948,084</u>	<u>432,265,680</u>	<u>39,383,909</u>	<u>48,944,811</u>
		<u>P 942,158,905</u>	<u>P 2,114,932,425</u>	<u>P 779,246,113</u>	<u>P 1,599,443,582</u>
Earnings per Share:					
Basic and diluted	26	<u>P 0.23</u>	<u>P 0.49</u>	<u>P 0.21</u>	<u>P 0.45</u>

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CEBU LANDMASTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A Subsidiary of A B Soberano Holdings Corp.)
UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023, AND 2022
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Apr to June 2023 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	Jan to June 2023 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	Apr to June 2022 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	Jan to June 2022 <u>(Unaudited)</u>
NET PROFIT	P 942,158,905	P 2,114,932,425	P 779,246,113	P 1,599,443,582
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)				
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	P 942,158,905	P 2,114,932,425	P 779,246,113	P 1,599,443,582
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
Parent Company's shareholders	P 794,210,821	P 1,682,666,745	P 739,862,204	P 1,550,498,771
Non-controlling interests	<u>147,948,084</u>	<u>432,265,680</u>	<u>39,383,909</u>	<u>48,944,811</u>
	P 942,158,905	P 2,114,932,425	P 779,246,113	P 1,599,443,582

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CEBU LANDMASTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A Subsidiary of A B Soberano Holdings Corp.)
UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Attributable to Shareholders of Parent Company								Non-controlling Interests		
	Capital Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Share Options Outstanding	Revaluation Reserves	Retained Earnings (See Note 25)					
	(See Note 25)	(See Note 25)	(See Note 25)	(See Note 25)	(See Note 25)	Appropriated	Unappropriated	Total	Total	(See Note 25)	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	<u>P 3,623,451,997</u>	<u>P 1,608,917,974</u>	<u>(P 732,664,604)</u>	<u>P 2,195,991</u>	<u>(P 13,910,501)</u>	<u>P 3,931,475,893</u>	<u>P 5,082,096,405</u>	<u>P 9,013,572,298</u>	<u>P 13,501,563,155</u>	<u>P 7,511,051,738</u>	<u>P 21,012,614,893</u>
Transactions with owners											
Investments from non-controlling stockholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,000,000	90,000,000
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(623,736,264)	(623,736,264)	(623,736,264)	(70,100,000)	(693,836,264)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	(623,736,264)	(623,736,264)	(623,736,264)	19,900,000	(603,836,264)
Appropriation of retained earnings											
Reversal of appropriations during the year	-	-	-	-	-	(2,191,132,391)	2,191,132,391	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year											
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,682,666,745	1,682,666,745	1,682,666,745	432,265,680	2,114,932,425
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,682,666,745	1,682,666,745	1,682,666,745	432,265,680	2,114,932,425
Balance at June 30, 2023	<u>P 3,623,451,997</u>	<u>P 1,608,917,974</u>	<u>(P 732,664,604)</u>	<u>P 2,195,991</u>	<u>(P 13,910,501)</u>	<u>P 1,740,343,502</u>	<u>P 8,332,159,277</u>	<u>P 10,072,502,779</u>	<u>P 14,560,493,636</u>	<u>P 7,963,217,418</u>	<u>P 22,523,711,054</u>
Balance at January 1, 2022	<u>P 3,623,451,997</u>	<u>P 1,608,917,974</u>	<u>(748,171,901)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(13,477,472)</u>	<u>P 172,049,912</u>	<u>P 6,197,103,693</u>	<u>P 6,369,153,605</u>	<u>P 10,839,874,203</u>	<u>P 7,092,307,321</u>	<u>P 17,932,181,524</u>
Transactions with owners											
Investments from non-controlling stockholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,641,010	11,641,010
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(519,780,221)	(519,780,221)	(519,780,221)	(42,700,000)	(562,480,221)
Issuance of capital stock	3,349,470	18,319,442	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,668,912	-	21,668,912
	3,349,470	18,319,442	-	-	-	-	(519,780,221)	(519,780,221)	(498,111,309)	(31,058,990)	(529,170,299)
Reversal of appropriations during the year	-	-	-	-	-	(172,049,912)	172,049,912	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year											
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,550,498,771	1,550,498,771	1,550,498,771	48,944,811	1,599,443,582
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,550,498,771	1,550,498,771	1,550,498,771	48,944,811	1,599,443,582
Balance at June 30, 2022	<u>P 3,626,801,467</u>	<u>P 1,627,237,416</u>	<u>(P 748,171,901)</u>	<u>P -</u>	<u>(P 13,477,472)</u>	<u>P -</u>	<u>P 7,399,872,155</u>	<u>P 7,399,872,155</u>	<u>P 11,892,261,665</u>	<u>P 7,110,193,142</u>	<u>P 19,002,454,807</u>

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CEBU LANDMASTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A Subsidiary of A B Soberano Holdings Corp.)
UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

	Notes	June 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax		P 2,805,171,304	P 2,102,950,311
Adjustments for:			
Interest expense on interest-bearing loans	21	269,103,712	159,594,938
Depreciation and amortization	19	89,271,433	84,448,432
Interest expense on lease liabilities	11	39,822,820	36,578,709
Interest expense on bonds	21	32,463,353	-
Share in net losses of associates	9	5,553,257	192,066
Interest income	4	(1,062,850)	(1,194,971)
Recognition of impairment loss on financial assets		405,079	591,813
Loss (gain) on sale of property and equipment	10	17,410	(291,967)
Operating profit before working capital changes		3,240,745,518	2,382,869,331
Decrease (increase) in receivables		893,947,045	(2,223,901,286)
Increase in contract assets		(6,833,720,820)	(2,153,257,774)
Decrease (increase) in real estate inventories		1,434,093,330	661,639,472
Decrease (increase) in prepayments and other current assets		(1,238,440,200)	(347,460,041)
Increase in deposits on land for future development		(280,602,959)	(166,459,318)
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets		276,287,095	(18,072,615)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables		2,496,016,893	266,365,198
Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities		(94,077,174)	(30,797,491)
Increase (decrease) in customers' deposits		(11,162,773)	(10,877,477)
(Decrease) in post-employment defined benefit obligation		(6,919,362)	-
Cash used in operations		(123,833,407)	(1,639,952,001)
Cash paid for taxes		(196,565,812)	(120,372,084)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities		(320,399,219)	(1,760,324,085)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisitions of property and equipment		(1,188,733,224)	(129,419,284)
Acquisitions of investment properties		(945,181,320)	(345,132,658)
Advances to related parties	24	(20,656,774)	-
Investments in associates	9	(2,750,000)	(8,000,000)
Interest received	4	1,062,850	1,194,971
Collections of advances to related parties	24	-	16,396,545
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	10	563,795	868,385
Acquisitions of computer software	13	(447,300)	(868,179)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(2,156,141,973)	(464,960,220)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from availment of interest-bearing loans - net	14	6,242,057,406	6,179,980,726
Repayments of interest-bearing loans	14	(2,768,152,079)	(2,472,555,578)
Interest paid on interest-bearing loans		(1,250,169,991)	(944,716,315)
Cash dividends paid	25	(70,100,000)	(562,480,221)
Interest paid on lease liabilities	11	(46,092,843)	(36,578,709)
Additional investment from non-controlling shareholders	25	90,000,000	11,641,010
Interest paid on bonds		(168,742,526)	-
Proceeds from issuance of shares of stock		-	21,668,912
Net Cash From Financing Activities		2,028,799,967	2,196,959,825
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(447,741,225)	(28,324,480)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,434,559,762	1,095,821,916
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		P 986,818,537	P 1,067,497,436

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CEBU LANDMASTERS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
(A Subsidiary of A B Soberano Holdings Corp.)

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022
(Amounts in Philippine Pesos)

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

1.1 General

Cebu Landmasters, Inc. (the Parent Company or CLI) was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on September 26, 2003. CLI is presently engaged in real estate-related activities which include real estate development, sales, leasing and property management. Its real estate portfolios include residential condominium units, subdivision house and lots, and townhouses as well as office projects, retail spaces and hotels.

In 2016, A B Soberano Holdings Corp. (ABS), formerly A B Soberano International Corporation, one of CLI's stockholders, assumed control of CLI by acquiring additional 400,000,000 shares of CLI and became the parent company of CLI.

On January 6, 2017, the Board of Directors (BOD) approved CLI's application for the registration of 1,714,000,000 of its common shares with the SEC and application for the listing thereof in the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). The BOD's approval also covered the planned initial public offering (IPO) of 430,000,000 unissued common shares of CLI. CLI's shares were listed in the PSE on June 2, 2017 (see also Note 25).

ABS is a holding company and is incorporated and domiciled in the Philippines. The registered office and principal place of business of ABS is located at 2nd Street Villa San Lorenzo, Quijada Street, Barangay Guadalupe, Cebu City.

The registered office address of CLI, which is also its principal place of business, is located at 10th Floor, Park Centrale Tower, Jose Ma. Del Mar St., B2 L3, Cebu I.T. Park, Brgy. Apas, Cebu City, Philippines.

1.2 Subsidiaries and Associates

CLI holds ownership interests in the following subsidiaries and associates:

		Effective Percentage of Ownership	
	Note	2023	2022
<i>Subsidiaries</i>			
CLI Premier Hotels Int'l. Inc. (CPH)	(a)	100	100
Cebu Landmasters Property Management, Inc. (CPM)	(b)	100	100
A.S. Fortuna Property Ventures, Inc. (ASF)	(c)	100	100
CLI Hotels and Resorts Inc. (CHR)	(d)	100	100

(Forward)

	Note	Effective Percentage of Ownership	
		2023	2022
<i>Subsidiaries</i>			
CLI-LITE Panglao Inc. (CLI-LITE)	(e)	88	88
Ming-mori Development Corporation (MDC)	(f)	78	78
Sugbo Prime Estate, Inc. (SPE)	(g)	64	64
BL CBP Ventures, Inc. (BL Ventures)	(h)	50	50
Yuson Excellence Soberano, Inc. (YES)	(i)	50	50
Yuson Huang Excellence Soberano, Inc. (YHES)	(j)	50	50
YHEST Realty and Development Corporation (YHEST)	(k)	50	50
CCLI Premier Hotels, Inc. (CCLI)	(l)	50	50
Cebu Homegrown Developers, Inc. (CHDI)	(m)	50	50
YHES Premier Hotel Inc. (YHESPH)	(n)	50	50
Cebu BL-Ramos Ventures, Inc. (CBLRV)	(o)	50	50
GGTT Realty Corporation (GGTT)	(p)	50	50
Mivesa Garden Residences, Inc. (MGR)	(q)	45	45
El Camino Developers Cebu, Inc. (El Camino)	(r)	35	35
<i>Associates</i>			
ICOM Air Corporation (ICOM)	(s)	33	33
Magspeak Nature Park Inc. (Magspeak)	(t)	25	25

CLI and its subsidiaries (collectively known as the “the Group”) and its associates are incorporated in the Philippines. The subsidiaries and associates, except CPM, CPH, CHR, CCLI, YHESPH and ICOM, are in the same line of business with CLI. A brief description of these entities follows:

- (a) CPH was incorporated in 2016 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the CLI. CPH is engaged in the real estate and hotel management business which started commercial operations on September 14, 2019. The principal place of business of CPH is located at Cebu City;
- (b) CPM was incorporated in 2017 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the CLI. CPM is engaged in the management of condominium corporations and housing associations affiliated with CLI. CPM has started commercial operations on September 1, 2017. The principal place of business of CPM is located at Cebu City;
- (c) ASF was incorporated in 2017 as a joint venture where CLI initially holds 40% ownership interest. CLI acquired all the ownership interest of its business partners at the end of 2017 which made ASF its wholly-owned subsidiary as of December 31, 2017. The principal place of business of ASF is located at Cebu City;
- (d) CHR was incorporated on August 4, 2022 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of CLI and is engaged to run and manage the Group’s various hotel projects. Its principal place of business is located in Cebu City. As at June 30, 2023, CHR has yet to start commercial operations.
- (e) CLI-LITE was incorporated on July 19, 2021 as an undertaking by CLI and two other corporations for the development of a mixed-use project with residential condominiums and a possible hotel component in Panglao Island, Bohol. The principal place of business of CLI-LITE is located at Cebu City;

- (f) MDC was incorporated in 2013 as an undertaking between CLI and four other entities for the development of an economic business district. The principal place of business of MDC is located at Cebu City.
- (g) SPE was formed in 2019 as a one-person corporation and was converted to an ordinary stock corporation after entering into a joint venture with CLI on March 4, 2021, for the development of a dormitory with retail and warehouse spaces. The principal place of business of SPE is located in Cebu City;
- (h) BL Ventures was formed by CLI and Borromeo Bros. Estate, Inc. (BBEI) to construct and operate Latitude Corporate Center. The principal place of business of BL Ventures is located at Cebu City;
- (i) YES was formed by CLI and Yuson Comm. Investments, Inc. to construct and operate Messatiera Garden Residences in Davao. The principal place of business of YES is located at Davao City;
- (j) YHES was incorporated in 2017 as an undertaking among CLI, Yuson Strategic Holdings, Inc., and Davao Filandia Realty Corp. for the development of mixed-used real estate project, the Paragon Davao. The principal place of business of YHES is located at Davao City;
- (k) YHEST was incorporated in 2018 as an undertaking among CLI and five corporations for the development of a central business district located at Matina, Davao. The principal place of business of YHEST is located at Davao City;
- (l) CCLI was incorporated in 2018 as an undertaking between CLI and Capitaine, Inc. for the development of Citadines hotel in Bacolod City. The principal place of business of CCLI is located in Bacolod City. As at June 30, 2023, CCLI has yet to start commercial operations.
- (m) CHDI was incorporated on December 5, 2019 as an undertaking between CLI and Aboitiz Land, Inc. (Aboitiz Land). In June 2021, Aboitiz Land sold its 50% ownership in CHDI to Ixidor Holdings, Inc. CHDI is engaged in the development of a high-rise mixed-use condominium complex in Mandaue City, Cebu, which started commercial operations in 2021. Its principal place of business is in Cebu City.
- (n) YHESPH was incorporated on October 28, 2019 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of YHES that will engage in the hotel business. Its ultimate parent is CLI which owns 50% of YHES.
- (o) CBLRV was incorporated on February 21, 2020 as an undertaking between CLI and BBEI and is engaged in the development of a mixed-use condominium tower in Cebu City. Its principal place of business also is located in Cebu City.
- (p) GGTT was incorporated on March 26, 2003 and is engaged to construct a residential condominium project in its principal place of business in Iloilo City.
- (q) MGR was incorporated in 2017 as an undertaking by CLI and three other corporations for the construction of buildings 6 and 7 of the Mivesa Garden Residences condominium. The principal place of business of MGR is located at Cebu City;

- (r) El Camino was incorporated in 2016 as an undertaking between CLI and four other corporations for the development of 38 Park Avenue condominium project in Cebu City. The principal place of business of El Camino is located at Cebu City;
- (s) ICOM was incorporated on December 7, 2020 as an undertaking of CLI and various individual stockholders and corporations to import aircraft(s) and to operate a transportation business in the Philippines. ICOM's principal place of business is located in Iloilo City.
- (t) Magspeak was incorporated in 2011 as an undertaking among CLI and four other corporations for the development of a mountain resort to be located in Balamban, Cebu. The principal place of business of Magspeak is located at Cebu City.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies adopted by the Group in its recent annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of Preparation of Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(a) Statement of Compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 34, *Interim Financial Reporting*. They do not include all of the information and disclosures required in the annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The preparation of interim consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS), as modified by the application of the financial reporting reliefs issued and approved by the SEC in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial reporting reliefs availed by the Group are disclosed in detail below.

(b) SEC Financial Reporting Reliefs Availed by the Group

In 2020, the Group has availed of several financial reporting reliefs granted by the SEC under Memorandum Circular (MC) No. 14-2018, *Philippine Interpretation Committee Question and Answer (PIC Q&A) No. 2018-12 Implementation Issues Affecting Real Estate Industry*, MC No. 3-2019, *PIC Q&A Nos. 2018-12-H and 2018-14*, and MC No. 4-2020, *Deferment of the Implementation of IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) Agenda Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (PAS 23, Borrowing Costs) for Real Estate Industry*, and MC No. 34-2020, *Deferral of PIC Q&A No. 2018-12 and IFRIC Agenda Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (PAS 23) for Real Estate Industry* for another period of three years or until 2023, relating to several implementation issues of PFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, affecting the real estate industry.

In 2021, MC No. 2021-08, *Amendment to SEC MC No. 2018-14, MC No. 2019-03, MC No. 2020-04, and MC No. 2020-34 to clarify transitory provision*, provides real estate companies the accounting policy option of applying either the full retrospective approach or the modified retrospective approach when they apply the provisions of the PIC and IFRIC pronouncement.

Discussed below are the financial reporting reliefs availed of by the Group, including the descriptions of the implementation issues and their qualitative impacts to the consolidated financial statements. The Group opted to avail the reliefs until the end of the deferment period as provided under the relevant MC.

Relief	Description and Implication	Deferral period
IFRIC Decision on Over Time Transfer of Constructed Goods (PAS 23) for Real Estate Industry	<p>The IFRIC concluded that any inventory (work-in-progress) for unsold units under construction that the entity recognizes is not a qualifying asset, as the asset is ready for its intended sale in its current condition (i.e., the developer intends to sell the partially constructed units as soon as it finds suitable customers and, on signing a contract with a customer, will transfer control of any work-in-progress relating to that unit to the customer). Accordingly, no borrowing costs can be capitalized on such unsold real estate inventories.</p> <p>Had the Group elected not to defer the IFRIC Agenda Decision, it would have the following impact in the financial statements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • interest expense would have been higher; • cost of real estate inventories would have been lower; • total comprehensive income would have been lower; • retained earnings would have been lower; and, • the carrying amount of real estate inventories would have been lower. 	Until December 31, 2023
PIC Q&A No. 2018-12-D, <i>Concept of the significant financing component in the contract to sell</i> and PIC Q&A No. 2020-04, <i>Addendum to PIC Q&A 2018-12-D: Significant Financing Component Arising</i>	PFRS 15 requires that in determining the transaction price, an entity shall adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed to by the parties to the contract (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the entity with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. There is no significant financing component if the difference	Until December 31, 2023

Relief	Description and Implication	Deferral period
<i>from Mismatch between the Percentage of Completion and Schedule of Payments</i>	between the promised consideration and the cash selling price of the good or service arises for reasons other than the provision of finance to either the customer or the entity, and the difference between those amounts is proportional to the reason for the difference. Further, the Group do not need to adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component if the entity expects, at contract inception that the timing difference of the receipt of full payment of the contract price and that of the completion of the project, are expected within one year and significant financing component is not expected to be significant. Had the Group elected not to defer this provision of the standard, it would have an impact in the consolidated financial statement as there would have been a significant financing component when there is a difference between the POC of the real estate project and the right to the consideration based on the payment schedule stated in the contract. The Group would have recognized an interest income when the POC of the real estate project is greater than the right to the consideration and interest expense when lesser. Both interest income and expense will be calculated using the effective interest rate method. This will have a retrospective effect in retained earnings, real estate sales, and profit or loss in 2022 and prior years.	

(a) *Presentation of Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements*

The interim consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with Philippine Accounting Standard (PAS) 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. The Group opted to present a separate interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and interim condensed consolidated comprehensive income.

The Group presents a third consolidated statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period when it applies an accounting policy retrospectively, or makes a retrospective restatement or reclassification of items that has a material effect on the information in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position at the beginning of the preceding period.

(b) Functional and Presentation Currency

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine pesos, the Group's functional and presentation currency, and all values represent absolute amounts except when otherwise indicated.

Items included in the interim condensed financial statements of the Group are measured using its functional currency. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates.

2.2 Adoption of New and Amended PFRS

(a) Effective in 2022 that are Relevant to the Group

The Group adopted for the first time the following amendments to and annual improvements to PFRS, which are mandatorily effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023:

- (i) PAS 1 (Amendments), *Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current* (effective from January 1, 2023).
- (ii) PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2 (Amendments), *Disclosure Initiative – Accounting Policies* (effective from January 1, 2023).
- (iii) PAS 8 (Amendments), *Accounting Estimates – Definition of Accounting Estimates* (effective from January 1, 2023).
- (iv) PAS 12 (Amendments), *Income Taxes – Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction* (effective from January 1, 2023)

(b) Effective Subsequent to 2023 but not Adopted Early

The amendment below to the existing standard is effective for annual periods subsequent to 2023, which is adopted by the FRSC. Management will adopt the relevant pronouncement in accordance with their transitional provisions; and, unless otherwise stated, this is not expected to have significant impact on the Group's interim condensed consolidated financial statements:

- (i) PFRS 10 (Amendments), *Consolidated Financial Statements, and PAS 28 (Amendments), Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and its Associates or Joint Venture* (effective date deferred indefinitely).

2.3 Basis of Consolidation

The Group's interim consolidated financial statements comprise the accounts of the Parent Company, and its subsidiaries, after the elimination of material intercompany transactions. All intercompany assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities under the Group, are eliminated in full on consolidation. Unrealized profits and losses from intercompany transactions that are recognized in assets are also eliminated in full. Intercompany losses that indicate impairment are recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Company, using consistent accounting principles.

3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

3.1 Business Segments

The Group's operating segments are organized and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and serves different markets. The Group's real estate segment covers the development and sale of residential and office units to individual and corporate buyers. The rental segment includes leasing of office and commercial spaces to corporate organizations. The management services segment focuses on the management of real estate projects and upkeep services to condominium corporations and housing associations. The hotel operations segment relates to the management of hotel business operations that caters hotel guest.

3.2 Segment Assets and Liabilities

Segment assets are allocated based on their physical location and use or direct association with a specific segment and they include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of operating cash, receivables, real estate inventories, property and equipment, and investment properties, net of allowances and provisions. Similar to segment assets, segment liabilities are also allocated based on their use or direct association with a specific segment. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of accounts, wages, taxes currently payable and accrued liabilities. Segment assets and segment liabilities do not include deferred taxes.

3.3 Intersegment Transactions

Segment revenues, expenses and performance include sales and purchases between business segments. Such sales and purchases are eliminated in consolidation, if any.

3.4 Analysis of Segment Information

The tables in the next page present revenue and profit information regarding industry segments for the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 and certain assets and liabilities information regarding segments as at June 30, 2023 and 2022 are shown in the next page.

	2023					
	Real Estate	Hotel Operations	Rental	Management Services	Elimination	Consolidated
REVENUES						
Sale to external customers	₱9,009,495,380	₱56,659,195	₱50,004,072	₱30,844,727	₱-	₱9,147,003,374
Intersegment sales	(9,644)	-	5,533,005	76,578,614	(82,101,975)	-
Total revenues	9,009,485,736	56,659,195	55,537,077	107,423,341	(82,101,975)	9,147,003,374
COSTS AND EXPENSES						
Costs of sales and services	4,897,076,157	24,156,211	43,378,617	14,430,786	-	4,979,041,771
Operating expenses	1,304,093,564	54,284,929	4,285,834	10,704,786	(88,813,675)	1,284,555,438
Impairment loss	402,203	-	2,876	-	-	405,079
Total costs and expenses	6,201,571,924	78,441,140	47,667,327	25,135,572	(88,813,675)	6,264,002,288
Segment results	₱2,807,913,812	(₱21,781,945)	₱7,869,750	₱82,287,769	₱6,711,700	₱2,883,001,086
Other operating income						271,241,462
Finance costs						(342,707,718)
Share in net loss of associates						(5,553,256)
Finance income						1,425,971
Other losses						(2,236,242)
Tax expense						(690,238,879)
Net profit						₱2,114,932,424
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
Segment assets	₱82,124,435,629	₱2,591,907,520	₱17,109,962,595	₱78,350,340	(₱8,940,039,496)	₱92,964,616,588
Segment liabilities	₱66,171,760,620	₱2,261,379,698	₱49,608,405	₱67,187,960	(₱1,648,583,777)	₱66,901,352,906
	2022					
	Real Estate	Hotel Operations	Rental	Management Services	Elimination	Consolidated
REVENUES						
Sale to external customers	₱7,363,975,335	₱32,515,100	₱35,386,304	₱24,491,883	₱-	₱7,456,368,622
Intersegment sales	4,451,345	-	994,464	65,790,385	(71,236,193)	-
Total revenues	7,368,426,680	32,515,100	36,380,768	90,282,268	(71,236,193)	7,456,368,622
COSTS AND EXPENSES						
Costs of sales and services	4,066,063,502	13,969,715	42,218,683	11,720,194	(3,315,100)	4,130,656,994
Operating expenses	1,122,284,098	20,864,270	4,477,321	1,982,407	(66,784,850)	1,082,823,246
Impairment loss	-	-	-	591,813	-	591,813
Total costs and expenses	5,188,347,600	34,833,985	46,696,004	14,294,414	(70,099,950)	5,214,072,053
Segment results	₱2,180,079,080	(₱2,318,885)	(₱10,315,236)	₱75,987,854	(₱1,136,243)	₱2,242,296,569
Other operating income						99,371,392
Finance costs						(236,825,775)
Finance income						1,220,465
Share in net loss of associates						(192,066)
Other losses						(2,920,274)
Tax expense						(503,506,729)
Net profit						₱1,599,443,582
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
Segment assets	₱67,297,127,169	₱742,890,673	₱13,868,362,177	₱115,708,192	(₱7,294,373,679)	₱74,729,714,532
Segment liabilities	₱54,020,746,034	₱552,192,584	₱32,963,888	₱7,435,289	(₱1,323,827,635)	₱53,289,510,160

The real estate segment is further analyzed based on their geographical location as shown in Note 17.1. Both rental and management services segments are located in Cebu City.

Sales to any of the Group's major customers did not exceed 10% of the Group's revenues in all of the years presented.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include the following components:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash on hand	₱4,273,304	₱3,024,222
Cash in banks	919,187,742	1,322,678,049
Short-term placements	63,357,491	108,857,491
	₱986,818,537	₱1,434,559,762

Cash in banks (savings and demand deposits) generally earn interest at rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short-term placements are made for varying periods and earn effective interest per annum as shown below.

	2023	2022
Term	30 to 60 days	30 to 123 days
Effective interest rate	3.0% to 6.10%	0.75% to 4.25%

Interest income earned from cash and cash equivalents amounted ₱1,062,849 and ₱1,194,973 in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, are presented as Finance Income in the consolidated statements of Profit or Loss.

5. RECEIVABLES

This account includes the following:

	Notes	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Contracts receivable			
Third parties		₱2,142,883,831	₱2,900,433,836
Related parties	24.2, 24.3	685,584	129,796,291
		2,143,569,415	3,030,230,127
Receivable from contractors and suppliers		131,946,083	41,212,041
Receivable from insurance		127,554,885	144,893,228
Retention receivable		126,338,336	113,229,317
Management fee receivables		72,997,374	102,357,085
Rent receivable		68,321,199	53,640,904
Receivables from hotel operations		8,264,653	2,621,371
Advances to officers and employees		34,047,027	21,014,700
Others		73,099,202	170,886,446
		2,786,138,174	3,680,085,219
Allowance for impairment		(2,214,548)	(1,809,469)
		₱2,783,923,626	₱3,678,275,750

Receivables are presented in the consolidated statements of financial position as follows.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current	₱2,630,520,081	₱3,571,775,532
Non-current	153,403,545	106,500,218
	₱2,783,923,626	₱3,678,275,750

Buyers of real estate properties are given one to four years to complete the equity amortization which ranges from 10% to 30% of the contract price of the real estate being purchased. Contract receivables are only recognized when the collection of total transaction price is reasonably assured and the corresponding revenue is recognized. Generally, full payment by buyers of their equity amortization is followed by full settlement by the buyers' chosen financing institution of the buyer's account within 12 months. Titles to real estate properties are transferred to the buyers once full payment has been made. Hence, contracts receivables are fully secured by the real properties acquired by buyers.

Long-term contract receivables, which are noninterest-bearing, are receivables from buyers whose equity payments are expected to be fully paid after 12 months following the end of the reporting period. These are measured at amortized cost which is determined by discounting future cash flows using the applicable rates of similar types of instruments. The aggregate unamortized discount on noninterest-bearing contract receivables amounts to ₱2,875,242 and ₱1,557,409 as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. Amortization of day one loss of noninterest-bearing contracts receivables amounted to ₱1,317,833 and ₱40,652,127 in 2023 and 2022 respectively and is presented as part of Finance Cost in the consolidated statement of profit or loss (see Note 21). Amortization of day one gain of noninterest-bearing contracts receivables amounted to ₱26,799 and ₱25,493 in 2023 and 2022, and is presented as part of Finance Income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Shown below is the aging of contract receivables as of June 30, 2023.

	June 30, 2023
Not yet due	₱1,549,679,739
Less than 30 days	213,852,513
More than 30 days but less than 60 days	67,248,226
More than 60 days but less than 90 days	80,047,081
More than 90 days but less than 120 days	27,259,105
More than 120 days	205,482,751
	₱2,143,569,415

Receivable from insurance pertains to outstanding claims filed with various insurance companies in relation to damages incurred to the insured properties of the Group.

Retention receivable represents amounts retained by Home Development Mutual Fund (HDMF) from the proceeds of loans availed by real estate buyers in accordance with HDMF Circular No. 182-A to pay off their obligations to the Group.

Advances to officers and employees are composed of advances subject to liquidation.

The Group assesses an ECL when the receivables from contract with customers and other counterparties are initially recognized and update the assessment at each reporting date based on the analysis by management. A reconciliation of the allowance for impairment at the beginning and end of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 is shown in the next page:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱1,809,469	₱600,695
Changes in expected credit losses	405,079	1,855,555
Receivables written off	—	(646,781)
Balance at end of year	₱2,214,548	₱1,809,469

6. REAL ESTATE INVENTORIES

This account includes the following inventories, which are all at cost:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Subdivision units	₱618,561,675	₱723,515,775
Condominium units	546,634,309	442,847,171
	1,165,195,984	1,166,362,946
Construction-in-progress (CIP):		
Land development cost	8,567,946,407	9,090,488,250
Condominium building cost	5,614,643,628	3,538,686,897
Housing cost	1,493,266,611	1,330,557,606
	15,675,856,646	13,959,732,753
Raw land inventory	2,656,215,166	3,183,113,282
	₱19,497,267,796	₱18,309,208,981

An analysis of the cost of real estate inventory included in cost of sales is presented in Note 18.

Land development costs pertain to the cost of land acquisition and site development costs of horizontal projects and other future site projects of the Group.

Condominium building costs consist of the cost of land and the cost to construct the units of the vertical projects of the Group. Housing costs pertain to the cost of house construction for the horizontal projects of the Group.

Raw land inventory consists of parcels of land owned by the Group in various locations. These are expected to be developed into saleable condominium or subdivision units.

Borrowing costs that are capitalized as part of real estate inventory amounted to ₱689,999,967 and ₱629,622,330 for the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which represents the specific borrowing costs incurred on loans and corporate notes obtained to fund the construction projects (see Note 14). Capitalization rate used for specific borrowings ranges from 4.25% to 9.00% and 4.00% to 8.00% for the years ended June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

In 2023 and 2022, the Group reclassified investment properties totaling ₱1,434,942,293 and ₱729,713,956, respectively, to real estate inventories (see Note 12).

As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, real estate inventories totaling to ₱8,884,637,947 and ₱8,128,280,586, respectively, are used as collateral for certain interest-bearing loans and borrowings of the Parent Company (see Note 14.1).

7. DEPOSITS ON LAND FOR FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

Deposits on land for future development pertains to advance payments for acquisitions of certain parcels of land which are intended for future development into saleable real estate projects. A reconciliation of the deposits on land for future development is presented below.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱129,996,729	₱—
Additions	280,602,959	129,996,729
Transferred to raw land inventory	(397,349,688)	—
Balance at end of year	₱13,250,000	₱129,996,729

The deposits on land for future development is presented as current assets in the consolidated statements of financial position.

8. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

This account includes the following:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Advances to subcontractors	₱1,891,209,747	₱1,555,905,543
Input VAT and deferred input VAT	1,812,815,620	1,401,290,754
Deferred commissions	1,461,168,178	1,212,239,383
Advances to suppliers	420,407,775	248,056,728
Prepaid taxes	318,584,221	298,208,444
Short-term investments	256,349,772	204,836,249
Prepaid expenses	52,929,132	34,567,894
Others	9,858,934	9,402,408
	₱6,223,323,379	₱4,964,507,403

Advances to subcontractors include advance payments for materials, payment of labor and overhead expenses that were paid in behalf of subcontractors. These are applied against the progress billings of subcontractors.

Deferred commissions pertain to sales commissions incurred and capitalized by the Group upon execution of contracts to sell real properties to customers. These are amortized over the expected construction period on the same basis as how the Group measures progress towards complete satisfaction of its performance obligation in its contracts. In 2023 and 2022, the Group expensed deferred commissions of ₱540,828,544 and ₱387,630,960, respectively, based on the POC of its related real estate project and is presented as

Commissions under Operating Expenses in the consolidated statements of profit or loss (see Note 19).

Short-term investments pertain to escrow funds that are required to be set up in relation to the Group's compliance with the regulatory requirements for issuance of license to sell, and are restricted for use in the Group's operations. The escrow funds is significantly comprised of investments in treasury bills with maturity dates of up to 12 months.

Prepaid expenses include advance payment for insurance and rent.

9. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

A reconciliation of the carrying amounts of investments in associates at the beginning and end of 2023 and 2022 is shown below.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱133,559,576	₱135,064,930
Additional investments	2,750,000	8,000,000
Share in net losses during the year	(5,553,257)	(9,505,354)
Balance at end of year	₱130,756,319	₱133,559,576

Analyses of the carrying amounts of the Group's investments in associates as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are shown below:

	2023		
	ICOM	Magspeak	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	₱122,300,934	₱25,735,096	₱148,036,030
Additional investments	–	2,750,000	2,750,000
Balance at end of year	122,300,934	28,485,096	150,786,030
Accumulated equity in net losses			
Balance at beginning of year	(11,638,159)	(2,838,295)	(14,476,454)
Equity in net losses during the year	(5,102,561)	(450,696)	(5,553,257)
Balance at end of year	(16,740,720)	(3,288,991)	(20,029,711)
Net carrying amount	₱105,560,214	₱25,196,105	₱130,756,319
	2022		
	ICOM	Magspeak	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	₱114,300,934	₱25,735,096	₱140,036,030
Additional investments	8,000,000	–	8,000,000
Balance at end of year	122,300,934	25,735,096	148,036,030
Accumulated equity in net losses			
Balance at beginning of year	(3,483,650)	(1,487,450)	(4,971,100)
Equity in net losses during the year	(8,154,509)	(1,350,845)	(9,505,354)
Balance at end of year	(11,638,159)	(2,838,295)	(14,476,454)
Net carrying amount	₱110,662,775	₱22,896,801	₱133,559,576

Shares in net losses of associates totaling ₱5,553,257 and ₱192,066 were recognized in 2023 and 2022, respectively, in the consolidated statements of profit or loss. There were no dividends received from the Group's associates in 2023 and 2022.

10. **PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

The gross carrying amounts and accumulated depreciation and amortization of property and equipment at the beginning and end of 2023 and 2022 are shown below.

2023								
	Land	Building	Office Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Leasehold Improvements	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost								
Balance at beginning of year	₱359,058,133	₱401,375,877	₱111,382,859	₱57,015,172	₱40,459,135	₱14,547,842	₱4,077,078,853	₱5,060,917,871
Additions	—	10,974,417	7,724,901	—	7,721,683	4,101,634	906,293,873	936,816,508
Disposals	—	—	(108,839)	(547,321)	—	—	—	(656,160)
Reclassification	—	(2,254,895)	—	(2,151)	(838,393)	2,254,895	—	(840,544)
Balance at end of year	359,058,133	410,095,399	118,998,921	56,465,700	47,342,425	20,904,371	4,983,372,726	5,996,237,675
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization								
Balance at beginning of year	—	117,269,272	53,078,326	42,285,966	27,932,433	6,619,424	—	247,185,421
Depreciation and amortization	—	8,960,210	7,929,341	2,703,066	2,448,960	1,001,565	—	23,043,142
Disposals	—	—	(74,955)	—	—	—	—	(74,955)
Reclassification	—	(2,254,895)	—	—	—	2,254,895	—	—
Balance at end of year	—	123,974,587	60,932,712	44,989,032	30,381,393	9,875,884	—	270,153,608
Carrying Amount	₱359,058,133	₱286,120,812	₱58,066,209	₱11,476,668	₱16,961,032	₱11,028,487	₱4,983,372,726	₱5,726,084,067
2022								
	Land	Building	Office Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Leasehold Improvements	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost								
Balance at beginning of year	₱140,896,820	₱313,420,883	₱91,775,926	₱59,603,223	₱36,731,888	₱12,514,727	₱471,807,019	₱1,126,750,486
Additions	218,161,313	55,888,147	19,701,024	1,604,275	3,727,247	2,033,115	2,336,303,706	2,637,418,827
Disposals	—	—	(94,091)	(4,192,326)	—	—	—	(4,286,417)
Reclassification	—	32,066,847	—	—	—	—	1,268,968,128	1,301,034,975
Balance at end of year	359,058,133	401,375,877	111,382,859	57,015,172	40,459,135	14,547,842	4,077,078,853	5,060,917,871
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization								
Balance at beginning of year	—	102,246,056	40,841,416	39,453,413	23,778,921	4,758,977	—	211,078,783
Depreciation and amortization	—	15,023,216	12,274,374	6,166,832	4,153,512	1,860,447	—	39,478,381
Disposals	—	—	(37,464)	(3,334,279)	—	—	—	(3,371,743)
Reclassification	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of year	—	117,269,272	53,078,326	42,285,966	27,932,433	6,619,424	—	247,185,421
Carrying Amount	₱359,058,133	₱284,106,605	₱58,304,533	₱14,729,206	₱12,526,702	₱7,928,418	₱4,077,078,853	₱4,813,732,450

Depreciation and amortization expense on property and equipment is presented as part of Operating Expenses (see Note 19).

In 2022, the Group reclassified construction in progress under Investment Properties with an aggregate carrying amount of ₱1,301,034,975 to construction in progress under Property and Equipment as these properties will be used for hotel operations of the Group. Additionally, construction in progress with an aggregate carrying amount of ₱32,066,847 was reclassified to Building for office renovations completed during the year.

Borrowing costs that are capitalized as part of property and equipment amounted to ₱146,076,301 and ₱10,697,267 in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which represents the specific borrowing costs incurred on loans, corporate notes and bonds obtained to fund the construction projects (see Note 14 and 15).

Certain transportation equipment and office equipment of CLI with a total carrying amount of P581,205 was sold in 2023 for P563,795, thereby resulting to loss in disposal amounting to P17,410. Meanwhile in 2022, certain transportation equipment and office equipment with a total carrying amount of P576,418 was sold for P868,385 resulting to a gain in disposal amounting to P291,967 (Note 20.2).

Certain land and construction in progress with an aggregate carrying amount of ₱5,269,457,637 and ₱4,353,935,990 as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, are used as collateral for certain interest-bearing loans of the Group (see Note 14.1).

As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the cost of the Group's fully-depreciated property and equipment that are still used in operations amounted to ₱133,477,527 and ₱103,615,868, respectively.

11. LEASES

The Group entered into lease contracts, as lessee, for leases of land and office spaces. With the exception of short-term leases and leases of low-value underlying assets, each lease is presented in the consolidated statements of financial position as Right-of-use Assets and the corresponding obligation, as Lease Liabilities. Variable lease payments which do not depend on an index or a rate are excluded from the initial measurement of the lease liability and asset.

Each lease generally imposes a restriction that, unless there is a contractual right for the Group to sublease the asset to another party, the right-of-use asset can only be used by the Group. Leases are either non-cancellable or may only be cancelled by incurring a substantive termination fee. Some leases contain an option to purchase the underlying lease asset outright at the end of the lease, or to extend the lease for a further term.

Under the lease contracts, the Group is prohibited from selling or pledging the underlying leased assets as security. For the lease of an office space, the Group must keep the related property in a good state of repair and return the property in good state at the end of the lease. For the lease on the land, the Group must insure all the improvements made on the property.

The table in the next page describes the nature of the Group's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognized in the 2023 and 2022 consolidated statements of financial position:

	Number of right-of-use assets leased	Lease term	Number of leases with extension options	Number of leases with options to purchase	Number of leases with termination options
Land	4	25 to 42 years	-	-	-
Office space	2	4 to 5 years	1	-	1

11.1 Right-of-use Assets

The carrying amounts and movements of the Group's right-of-use assets as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are shown below.

June 30, 2023

	Land	Office Space	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning and end of period	₱1,262,756,727	₱15,877,921	₱1,278,634,648
Accumulated amortization			
Balance at beginning of year	102,160,939	8,424,304	110,585,243
Amortization	17,677,197	1,676,241	19,353,438
Balance at end of period	119,838,136	10,100,545	129,938,681
Carrying amount at end of period	₱1,142,918,591	₱5,777,376	₱1,148,695,967

December 31, 2022

	Land	Office Space	Total
Cost			
Balance at beginning of year	₱1,209,882,682	₱15,877,921	₱1,225,760,603
Additions	52,874,045	-	52,874,045
Balance at end of period	1,262,756,727	15,877,921	1,278,634,648
Accumulated amortization			
Balance at beginning of year	67,834,649	5,071,827	72,906,476
Amortization	34,326,290	3,352,477	37,678,767
Balance at end of period	102,160,939	8,424,304	110,585,243
Carrying amount at end of period	₱1,160,595,788	₱7,453,617	₱1,168,049,405

The additional right-of-use asset in 2022 pertains to a 30-year lease contract for a piece of land intended for the development of a commercial complex.

11.2 Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities presented in the statements of financial position follow:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current	₱17,101,568	₱54,145,058
Non-current	1,213,687,892	1,182,914,425
	₱1,230,789,460	₱1,237,059,483

The Group is fully liable for the rentals on the remaining term of the lease of office space, including any interest, penalties, utility charges and damages for termination prior to expiration of the contract. The contracts of lease on land does not provide for any future lease termination and extension options. The lease liabilities are secured by the underlying assets.

11.3 Lease Payments Not Recognized as Liabilities

The Group has elected not to recognize a lease liability for short-term leases or for leases of low-value assets. Payments made under such leases are expensed on a straight-line basis. In addition, certain variable lease payments are not permitted to be recognized as lease liabilities and are expensed as incurred. The expense relating to short-term leases and low-value assets has an aggregate amount of ₱14,787,683 and ₱11,758,153 for June 30, 2023 and 2022 respectively, and is presented as Rent under Operating Expenses in the consolidated statements of profit or loss (see Note 19).

11.4 Additional Profit or Loss and Cash Flow Information

The total cash outflow in respect of leases amounted to ₱46,092,843 and ₱9,226,399 for the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, including the interest expense in relation to the lease liabilities amounting to ₱39,822,820 and ₱36,578,709, respectively, for the same periods ended. This is presented as part of Interest expense on lease liabilities under Finance Costs in the consolidated statement of profit or loss (see Note 21).

12. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group's investment properties include parcels of land held for development of properties, condominium units and retail building for lease. The gross carrying amounts and accumulated depreciation of investment properties at the beginning and end of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are shown below.

	2023					
	Land	Retail Building	Condominium Units	Parking Units	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost						
Balance at beginning of year	₱2,682,185,384	₱1,312,033,280	₱910,086,051	₱122,067,668	₱12,961,598,553	₱17,987,970,936
Additions	—	—	—	—	943,958,887	943,958,887
Reclassifications	—	(89,269,190)	—	—	(1,345,673,103)	(1,434,942,293)
Balance at end of year	2,682,185,384	1,222,764,090	910,086,051	122,067,668	12,559,884,337	17,496,987,530
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at beginning of year	—	98,114,489	126,885,260	13,673,654	—	238,673,403
Depreciation	—	24,402,324	15,153,249	3,051,692	—	42,607,265
Balance at end of year	—	122,516,813	142,038,509	16,725,346	—	281,280,668
Carrying amount	₱2,682,185,384	₱1,100,247,277	₱768,047,542	₱105,342,322	₱12,559,884,337	₱17,215,706,862
	2022					
	Land	Retail Building	Condominium Units	Parking Units	Construction in Progress	Total
Cost						
Balance at beginning of year	₱5,449,949,151	₱776,845,974	₱828,036,331	₱33,036,981	₱6,306,290,741	₱13,394,159,178
Additions	—	250,000	1,535,704	—	6,622,774,985	6,624,560,689
Reclassifications	(2,767,763,767)	534,937,306	80,514,016	89,030,687	32,532,827	(2,030,748,931)
Balance at end of year	2,682,185,384	1,312,033,280	910,086,051	122,067,668	12,961,598,553	17,987,970,936
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at beginning of year	—	49,310,883	97,154,410	7,570,223	—	154,035,516
Depreciation	—	48,803,606	29,730,850	6,103,431	—	84,637,887
Reclassification	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance at end of year	—	98,114,489	126,885,260	13,673,654	—	238,673,403
Carrying amount	₱2,682,185,384	₱1,213,918,791	₱783,200,791	₱108,394,014	₱12,961,598,553	₱17,749,297,533

In 2023, the Group reclassified certain investment properties with aggregate carrying amounts of ₱1,434,942,293 to real estate inventories. In 2022, the Group reclassified certain investment properties with aggregate carrying amounts of ₱729,713,956 and ₱1,301,034,975 to real estate inventories and property and equipment, respectively (see

Notes 6 and 10). These reclassifications were made as a result of the change in the use of the properties from being held for lease to being held for sale and for use in the operations.

Borrowing costs that are capitalized as part of investment property amounted to ₱128,210,689 and ₱87,975,342 in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively which represents the specific borrowing costs incurred on loans and corporate notes obtained to fund the construction projects (see Note 14).

Income and expense from investment properties for the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are presented below.

	Notes	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Rental income	17.1	₱50,004,072	₱35,386,304
Expenses:	18		
Depreciation		₱42,607,265	₱42,218,683
Real property taxes		771,352	—
		₱43,378,617	₱42,218,683

The depreciation and other expenses are included as part of Cost of Sales and Services in the consolidated statements of profit or loss in 2023 and 2022 (see Note 18).

Investment properties have a total fair value of ₱20,627,177,086 as at December 31, 2022, based on the appraisal done by an independent expert [see Note 29.3(c)]. On the basis primarily of the foregoing valuations, management has assessed that no impairment loss is required to be provided on the Group's investment properties as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Investment properties with a total carrying amount of ₱5,580,269,221 and ₱7,165,081,902 as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, are used as collateral for certain interest-bearing loans and borrowings of the Parent Company (see Note 14.1).

13. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

This account includes the following:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Advances to subcontractors	₱180,492,454	₱473,134,430
Refundable deposits	144,724,877	128,384,996
Computer software – net of accumulated amortization	27,541,774	31,362,061
Investment in equity securities	9,375,002	9,375,002
Deferred input VAT	4,624,926	4,624,926
Others	1,949,144	1,934,145
	₱368,708,177	₱648,815,560

Advances to subcontractors include advance payments for materials, payment of labor and overhead expenses for on-going construction of investment properties. These are applied against the progress billings of subcontractors.

Refundable deposits pertain to recoverable payments, which are expected to be realized at the termination of the contract, to lessors and various payees. These are measured at amortized cost.

The total additions to computer software amounted to ₱447,300 and ₱3,064,323 in June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. The amortization expense on the computer software amounted to ₱4,267,587 and ₱4,437,865 in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and is presented as part of Depreciation and amortization under Operating Expenses (see Note 19).

14. INTEREST-BEARING LOANS AND BORROWINGS

The outstanding balance of interest-bearing loans and corporate notes are presented in the consolidated statements of financial position as follows:

	Notes	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current			
Bank loans	14.1	₱9,484,656,339	₱7,006,084,463
Corporate notes	14.2	2,064,583,333	1,117,559,524
		11,549,239,672	8,123,643,987
Non-current			
Bank loans	14.1	17,139,286,598	15,721,660,371
Corporate notes	14.2	9,910,496,772	11,216,986,253
		27,049,783,370	26,938,646,624
		₱38,599,023,042	₱35,062,290,611

14.1 Bank Loans

An analysis of the movements in the balance of interest-bearing loans is presented below.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱22,727,744,834	₱16,181,942,664
Proceeds and drawdowns - net	6,242,057,406	11,749,374,715
Repayments	(2,396,425,888)	(5,262,184,636)
Amortization of debt issue costs	50,566,585	58,612,091
Balance at end of year	₱26,623,942,937	₱22,727,744,834

The unamortized debt issue cost as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 amounts to ₱129,197,743 and ₱107,967,127, respectively. A reconciliation of the unamortized debt issue cost at the beginning and end of 2023 and 2022 is shown in the next page.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱107,967,127	₱64,046,933
Debt issue costs from new loans	71,797,201	102,532,285
Amortization of debt issue costs	(50,566,585)	(58,612,091)
Balance at end of year	₱129,197,743	₱107,967,127

The loans bear interest rates per annum ranging from 4.25% to 9.00% in 2023 and 4.00% to 8.00% in 2022. Certain loans are collateralized by the specific projects and developments and certain property and equipment for which the loans were obtained. The cost of such projects aggregating to ₱19,734,364,805 and ₱19,647,298,478 as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, are included in the Real Estate Inventory, Property and Equipment and Investment Properties accounts in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Notes 6, 10 and 12).

In 2023, the Group availed of new bank loans amounting to ₱6,242,057,406, net of debt issuance cost, which bear interest ranging from 5.75% to 9.00% and have maturity dates ranging from 2023 to 2034. Loans obtained in 2022 from various commercial banks amounting to ₱11,749,374,715, net of debt issuance cost, which bear interest ranging from 4.00% to 8.00% and have maturity dates ranging from 2023 to 2034.

The total interest incurred from the foregoing loans, including amortization of debt issuance cost, amounted to ₱919,574,388 and ₱449,789,705 in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and of which ₱650,470,676 and ₱290,194,767, respectively, were capitalized as part of construction costs (see Notes 6, 10 and 12). Capitalization rate used in determining the amount of interest charges qualified for capitalization ranges from 4.25% to 9.00%.

14.2 Corporate Notes

The Parent Company and various financial institutions executed a Notes Facility Agreement (NFA) for the issuance of long-term corporate notes (LTCN) totalling ₱13,000,000,000 and two short-dated notes (SDN) amounting to ₱2,000,000,000 and ₱3,000,000,000, respectively.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱12,334,545,777	₱15,839,776,726
Repayments	(371,726,191)	(3,545,238,095)
Amortization of debt issue cost	12,260,519	40,007,146
Balance at end of year	₱11,975,080,105	₱12,334,545,777

The NFA is composed of the following tranches:

NFA	Date Executed	Tranche	Tenor	Principal Amount
LTCN	07/20/2018	Series A	Seven years	₱2,500,000,000
		Series B	Ten years	1,000,000,000
		Series C	Ten years with repricing on the interest rate re-setting date	1,500,000,000
	3/05/2020	Series D	Five years	1,300,000,000
		Series E	Seven years	5,700,000,000
		Series F	Ten years	1,000,000,000
				<u>₱13,000,000,000</u>
SDN	10/25/2019	SDN 1	18 months from drawdown date	₱2,000,000,000
	04/30/2021	SDN 2	18 months from drawdown date	3,000,000,000

The Parent Company made the following drawdowns from the NFA.

Year	Tranche	Interest Rate	Maturity Dates	Amount
2021	SDN 2	3.88%	November 2022	<u>₱3,000,000,000</u>
2020	Series D	3.46%	September 2025	₱1,300,000,000
	Series E	3.54% - 4.66%	April 2027	5,700,000,000
	Series F	4.23% - 5.23%	March 2030	1,000,000,000
				<u>₱8,000,000,000</u>
2019	Series A	7.25%	January 2026	₱2,000,000,000
	SDN 1	4.75%	April 2021	2,000,000,000
				<u>₱4,000,000,000</u>
2018	Series A	7.25%	December 2025	₱500,000,000
	Series B	6.63%	August - September 2028	1,000,000,000
	Series C	6.75%	October - December 2028	1,500,000,000
				<u>₱3,000,000,000</u>

The debt issuance cost amortization in 2023 and 2022 amounted to ₱12,260,519 and ₱40,007,146, respectively. The debt issuance costs are deducted from the fair value or issue price of the note.

A reconciliation of the unamortized debt issue costs of corporate notes at the beginning and end of 2023 and 2022 is shown below.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱102,358,985	₱ 142,366,131
Amortization of debt issue costs	(12,260,519)	(40,007,146)
Balance at end of year	₱90,098,466	₱102,358,985

The debt issuance costs are deducted from the fair value or issue price of the note.

The total interest incurred related to the NFA, including amortization of debt issuance cost, amounted to ₱272,900,080 and ₱431,686,487 in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, of which ₱272,900,080 and ₱431,686,487 were capitalized as part of real estate inventories and investment properties in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Notes 6 and 12).

The Parent Company is required to maintain the financial ratios with respect to (a) maximum debt to equity ratio of 2.5:1; (b) minimum current ratio of 1:1; and (c) minimum interest coverage ratio of 3:1. As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Parent Company is compliant with the requirements.

The total interest expense related to the above loans, which are included as part of Finance Costs in the consolidated statements of profit or loss, amounted to ₱269,103,712 and ₱139,279,682 in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 21).

15. BONDS PAYABLE

On September 23, 2022, CLI registered with the SEC its debt securities program of ₱15,000,000,000 Fixed Rate Bonds which will be offered in one or more tranches within three (3) years.

On October 7, 2022, the Parent Company issued the first tranche of its fixed rate bonds amounting to ₱5,000,000,000 and was listed with the Philippine Dealing & Exchange Corp. (PDEX). The bonds have been rated “PRS Aa plus” with a stable outlook by PhilRatings and are comprised of the following tenors:

- Series A – maturity of 3.5 years and a coupon rate of 6.4222%;
- Series B – maturity of 5.5 years and a coupon rate of 6.9884%; and,
- Series C – maturity of 7 years and a coupon rate of 7.3649%.

An analysis of the movement in the balance of bonds payable is presented below.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱4,930,582,631	₱–
Proceeds and drawdowns – net	–	4,926,627,631
Reclassification	359,145	–
Amortization of debt issue cost	8,361,240	3,955,000
Balance at end of year	₱4,939,303,016	₱4,930,582,631

In 2022, the Parent Company recognized bond issuance costs amounting to ₱73,372,369 in relation to the issuance of the first tranche of the bonds which has a carrying amount of ₱60,696,984 and ₱69,417,369 as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. The bond issuance cost amortization in 2023 and 2022, amounting to ₱8,361,240 and ₱3,955,000, respectively.

The total interest incurred related to the bonds, including amortization of bond issuance cost, amounted to ₱173,508,034 in 2023 of which ₱141,044,681 was capitalized as part of real estate inventories, properties and equipment and investment properties and ₱32,463,353 was recognized as interest expense as part of Finance Costs in the consolidated statements of profit or loss (see Note 21).

Capitalization rate used in determining the amount of interest charges qualified for capitalization ranges from 6.42% and 7.36% and 6.89% to 7.64% in June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

The Parent Company is required to maintain the financial ratios with respect to (a) maximum debt to equity ratio of 2.5:1; (b) minimum current ratio of 1:1; and (c) minimum interest coverage ratio of 3:1. As at June 30, 2023, the Parent Company is compliant with the requirements.

16. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

This account is composed of the following:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current:		
Construction costs payable	₱11,902,529,975	₱10,491,702,481
Trade payables	4,164,290,191	4,357,836,398
Sales commission payable	2,385,979,488	1,944,995,963
Retention payable	1,000,326,642	968,787,106
Advances from NCI	517,105,353	467,105,353
Output VAT	343,308,174	117,142,226
Accrued expenses	219,454,850	282,466,666
Government-related obligations	65,611,179	99,495,460
Other payables	745,957,511	114,104,235
	21,344,563,363	18,843,635,888
Non-current:		
Retention payable	129,475,180	172,064,151
Advanced rental	23,477,892	16,072,805
Other payables	8,774,236	6,938,747
	161,727,308	195,075,703
	₱21,506,290,671	₱19,038,711,591

Construction costs payable pertain to estimated obligations to contractors for services already performed but not yet billed to the Group.

Trade payables mainly represent outstanding obligations to owners of parcels of land acquired, subcontractors and suppliers of construction materials.

Retention payable pertains to amount withheld from payments made to contractors to ensure compliance and completion of contracted projects equivalent to 10% of every billing made by the contractor. Portion of the amount retained that is not expected to be paid within 12 months from the end of the reporting period is presented as part of non-current liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Advances from NCI pertains to noninterest-bearing advances of certain subsidiaries from non-controlling shareholders.

Accrued expenses pertain to accruals for interest, contracted services, security services, professional fees and other recurring accruals in the Group's operations.

Current portion of the other payables are mostly construction bonds from various subcontractors.

17. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS AND CONTRACT BALANCES

17.1 Disaggregation of Contract Revenues

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time.

Below is the revenue of its major product lines and in geographical areas for the period June 30, 2023:

	Cebu	Mindanao	Visayas	Luzon	Total
<i>Sale of real estate units</i>					
Over time	₱3,366,735,744	₱3,744,726,254	₱1,554,804,347	₱329,298,012	₱8,995,564,357
At a point in time	(31,016,541)	(38,817,163)	63,214,727	20,550,000	13,931,023
	3,335,719,203	3,705,909,091	1,618,019,074	349,848,012	9,009,495,380
<i>Hotel operations</i>					
Over time	56,659,195	—	—	—	56,659,195
<i>Lease of properties</i>					
Over time	49,736,641	267,431	—	—	50,004,072
<i>Render of management services</i>					
Over time	25,344,148	5,500,579	—	—	30,844,727
	₱3,467,459,187	₱3,711,677,101	₱1,618,019,074	₱349,848,012	₱9,147,003,374

Below is the revenue of its major product lines and in geographical areas for the period June 30, 2022:

	Cebu	Mindanao	Visayas	Luzon	Total
<i>Sale of real estate units</i>					
Over time	₱2,699,499,322	₱2,075,100,568	₱2,094,286,371	₱—	₱6,868,886,261
At a point in time	290,969,306	217,056,560	(28,167,792)	15,231,000	495,089,074
	2,990,468,628	2,292,157,128	2,066,118,579	15,231,000	7,363,975,335
<i>Hotel operations</i>					
Over time	32,515,100	—	—	—	32,515,100
<i>Lease of properties</i>					
Over time	35,386,304	—	—	—	35,386,304
<i>Render of management services</i>					
Over time	20,105,971	4,250,912	135,000	—	24,491,883
	₱3,078,476,003	₱2,296,408,040	₱2,066,253,579	₱15,231,000	₱7,456,368,622

17.2 Contract Balance

The breakdown of contract balances is as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Contract assets – net	₱38,812,784,354	₱31,979,063,534
Contract liabilities	(504,284,693)	(598,361,867)
Net	₱38,308,499,661	₱31,380,701,667

The Group recognizes contract assets, due to timing difference of payment and satisfaction of performance obligation, to the extent of satisfied performance obligation on all open contracts as of the end of the reporting period. Its classification and presentation in the statement of financial position is based on the Group's estimate of project completion, hence, any change in estimated completion period affects transfers to contracts receivables.

The Group assesses an ECL when the contract assets are initially recognized and updates the assessment at each reporting date based on the analysis determined by management (see Note 28). The Group's contract assets as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are presented in the consolidated statements of the financial position as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current	₱21,456,139,804	₱16,208,926,784
Non-current	17,356,644,550	15,770,136,750
	₱38,812,784,354	₱31,979,063,534

Contract liabilities pertain to collections from buyers that are ahead of the stage of completion of the real estate units sold. Collections from buyers on sale of real estate units where the gating criteria for recognition of sales contract have not yet met are accounted for as Customers' Deposits in the consolidated statements of financial position.

A summary of the Group's contract liabilities and customers' deposits is presented below.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Contract liabilities	₱504,284,693	₱598,361,867
Customers' deposits	109,087,323	120,250,096
	₱613,372,016	₱718,611,963

Changes in the contract assets and contract liabilities are recognized by the Group when a right to receive payment is already established and upon performance of unsatisfied performance obligation, respectively.

18. COST OF SALES AND SERVICES

Components of costs of sales and services are analyzed below.

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Cost of real estate sales		
Materials and labor	₱3,761,005,609	₱3,247,841,547
Land cost	596,929,457	524,584,021
Borrowing cost	437,624,204	216,634,495
Other costs	101,516,887	73,688,339
	₱4,897,076,157	₱4,062,748,402
Cost of rental services		
Depreciation	42,607,265	42,218,683
Real property taxes	771,352	—
	43,378,617	42,218,683
Cost of management services		
Salaries and wages	14,430,536	11,666,485
Materials and supplies	250	53,709
	14,430,786	11,720,194
Cost of hotel operations		
Materials and supplies	7,149,486	3,101,986
Salaries and wages	6,791,624	5,474,700
Advertising and Promotions	3,602,927	1,320,986
Utilities	3,010,299	1,786,259
Others	3,601,875	2,285,784
	24,156,211	13,969,715
	₱4,979,041,771	₱4,130,656,994

Other costs include capitalized borrowing costs, design fees, permits and VAT disallowance.

19. COSTS AND EXPENSES BY NATURE

Details of operating expenses by nature are shown below.

	Notes	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Materials and labor		₱3,840,065,490	₱3,341,343,089
Land cost	18	596,929,457	524,584,021
Commissions	8	540,828,544	387,630,960
Borrowing costs	18	437,624,204	216,634,495
Salaries and employee benefits		285,991,234	252,391,480
Taxes and licenses		131,708,302	138,789,646
Depreciation and amortization	10, 11, 12, 13	89,271,432	84,448,432
Advertising		50,645,282	34,449,003
Repairs and maintenance		34,806,544	42,100,325
Utilities		31,550,562	20,144,793
Hotel operations	18	24,156,211	13,969,715
Insurance		22,508,939	13,399,317
Security services		20,106,515	16,076,966
Association dues		19,149,776	22,069,662
Donations		17,497,819	12,825,697
Transportation and travel		15,865,481	17,043,866
Representation and entertainment		15,460,578	14,300,531
Rent	27.2	14,787,683	11,758,153
Professional fees		14,217,453	10,577,018
Supplies		9,668,644	7,594,165
Subscription and membership dues		8,000,298	9,515,082
Communication		3,843,217	4,279,965
Management fee		1,904,326	6,676,544
Move-in fee expenses		1,014,452	—
Trainings and seminars		248,284	508,744
Others		35,746,481	10,368,571
		₱6,263,597,208	₱5,213,480,240

The expenses are classified in the consolidated statements of profit or loss as follows:

	Note	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Cost of sales and services	18	₱4,979,041,771	₱4,130,656,994
Operating expenses		1,284,555,437	1,082,823,246
		₱6,263,597,208	₱5,213,480,240

20. OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND OTHER LOSSES

20.1 Other Operating Income

This account is composed of the following:

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Reversal of payables	₱115,274,561	₱—
Refund from cancelled units	93,833,046	38,953,609
Documentation fee	14,062,440	5,507,411
Sponsorships	10,676,977	7,417,375
Water income	9,513,420	7,673,399
Utilities charged to tenants	8,790,446	1,187,256
Late payment penalties charged to customers	5,782,864	3,052,100
Insurance claims	5,357,143	—
Scrap sales	1,655,567	1,459,179
Foreign exchange gains	1,397,615	3,548,222
Referral incentive	484,483	1,166,390
Move-in fees	381,943	3,611,787
Administrative charges	226,789	15,824,251
Concession income	—	1,957,227
Gain from lot acquisitions	—	1,368,487
Documentation fees	—	187,047
Others	3,804,168	6,457,652
	₱271,241,462	₱99,371,392

Reversal of payables pertains to outstanding payables related to cancelled contracts with certain building contractors and suppliers which the Group is no longer required to pay. This also includes income from the write-off of long-outstanding buyer advances and unidentified deposits.

Move-in fee income pertain to excess fees charged to real estate buyers upon turn-over of their units over the cost of services to make the buyers' units habitable which include requisition of building insurance and fire extinguisher, processing of related taxes, utility connections and others.

Administrative charges include standard fees charged to the buyers and non-refundable portion of the buyers' payment upon withdrawal from sale.

20.2 Other Losses – Net

Note	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Foreign exchange losses	₱2,215,475	₱3,212,241
Loss on sale of asset - net	17,410	—
Gain on sale of assets - net	—	(291,967)
Other loss	3,357	—
	₱2,236,242	₱2,920,274

The Group recognized realized net foreign exchange losses arising from collections from buyers and payments to suppliers denominated in foreign currencies.

21. FINANCE COSTS

This is comprised of the following:

	Notes	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Interest expense on:			
Loans	14.1	₱ 229,356,853	₱139,279,682
Bonds	15	₱ 30,898,965	₱139,279,682
Lease liabilities	11.4	39,822,820	36,578,709
Day one loss, net of amortization	5	1,317,832	40,652,128
Amortized debt issuance cost		41,311,248	20,315,256
		₱342,707,718	₱236,825,775

Interest expense on loans is the portion not capitalized as part of real estate inventory, property and equipment and investment properties (see Notes 6,10 and 12).

22. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

22.1 Salaries and Employee Benefits

Expenses recognized for salaries and employee benefits amounts to ₱285,991,234 and ₱252,391,480 in June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 19).

22.2 Post-Employment Benefit Plan

(a) Characteristics of the Defined Benefit Plan

The Group maintains funded and non-contributory post-employment benefit plans that are being administered by trustee banks that are legally separated from the Group. The trustee banks manage the fund in coordination with the Group's top management who act in the best interest of the plan assets and is responsible for setting the investment policies. The post-employment plans cover all regular full-time employees.

The normal retirement age is 60 with a minimum of five years of credited service. The plan also provides for an early retirement at age 50 with a minimum of five years of credited service and late retirement after age 60, both subject to the approval of the Group's BOD. Normal retirement benefit is an amount equivalent to 50% of the final monthly covered compensation (average monthly basic salary during the last 12 months of credited service) for every year of credited service.

(b) Risks Associated with the Retirement Plan

The plan exposes the Group to actuarial risks such as investment risk, interest rate risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

(i) *Investment and Interest Risks*

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to market yields of government bonds. Generally, a decrease in the interest rate of a reference government bonds will increase the plan obligation. However, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's investments in debt securities and if the return on plan asset falls below this rate, it will create a deficit in the plan. Due to the long-term nature of the plan obligation, a level of continuing equity investments is an appropriate element of the Group's long-term strategy to manage the plan efficiently.

(ii) *Longevity and Salary Risks*

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of the plan participants both during and after their employment, and to their future salaries. Consequently, increases in the life expectancy and salary of the plan participants will result in an increase in the plan obligation.

23. CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAXES

The Group was registered with the Board of Investments (BOI) as a developer of various economic and low-cost housing projects. Accordingly, the Group enjoys an income tax holiday on the BOI registered projects within three to four taxable years from its registration. The Group has 9 and 10 registered projects with BOI as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

The components of tax expense relating to profit or loss and other comprehensive loss follow:

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
<i>Reported in profit or loss:</i>		
Current income tax expense:		
RCIT at 25%	₱ 185,848,410	₱115,914,451
MCIT at 1%	383,301	324,883
Final income tax	189,273	226,675
	186,420,984	116,466,009
Deferred income tax expense relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	503,817,898	387,040,720
	₱690,238,879	₱503,506,729
<i>Reported in other comprehensive income:</i>		
Deferred tax expense relating to origination and reversal of a temporary difference on post-employment defined benefit plan	₱—	₱—

As of June 30, 2023, CPH, BL Ventures and CCLI, are subject to MCIT which is computed at 1% of gross income net of allowable deductions, as defined under the tax regulations or to RCIT, whichever is higher. Other components of the Group are not yet subject to MCIT as those have not operated beyond four taxable years. The Group reported MCIT amounting to ₱ 220,974 and ₱324,883 for the periods June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Group opted to treat the capitalized borrowing costs as capital expenditure in accordance with Section 34(b) of the NIRC; hence, there are no deferred taxes related to the transaction. Furthermore, it opted to claim itemized deductions in computing its income tax due for the quarters ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group's related parties include its ultimate parent or ABS, entities under common ownership, associates, shareholders, the Group's key management personnel, its retirement fund and others as described in the consolidated financial statements. A summary of the Group's transactions and outstanding balances with related parties is presented below.

	Notes	Amount of Transaction		Outstanding Balance	
		June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Ultimate Parent Company					
Sale of real estate	24.2	(₱75,137,048)	(₱4,589,149)	₱685,584	₱75,822,632
Entities under Common Ownership					
Net advances (collections)	24.1	13,797,022	(22,000,465)	49,198,231	35,401,209
Associates					
Net advances (collections)	24.1	7,698,145	368,535	8,099,277	401,132
Key Management Personnel					
Sale of real estate	24.3	(53,973,659)	(3,212,399)	—	53,973,659
Compensation		66,870,284	149,885,801	—	—

Based on management's assessment, no impairment loss is required to be provided on the Group's receivables from related parties as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. The cash advances to and from related parties are noninterest-bearing, unsecured, due on demand and are expected to be settled in cash or offsetting of accounts within one year from end of the reporting period. In respect of contract receivables, it is fully secured by the units purchased, expected to be settled in cash and due based on the contract terms.

24.1 Advances to Related Parties - net

The Group grants cash advances to (from) certain entities under common ownership. An analysis of such advances is presented below.

	Entities Under Common Ownership	Associate	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	₱35,401,209	₱401,132	₱35,802,341
Additional advances (Collections)	12,958,626	7,698,146	20,656,772
Reclassifications	838,395	—	838,395
Balance at June 30, 2023	₱49,198,230	₱8,099,278	₱57,297,508
Balance at January 1, 2022	₱57,401,674	₱32,597	₱57,434,271
Additional advances (collections)	—	368,535	368,535
Collections	(22,000,465)	—	(22,000,465)
Balance at December 31, 2022	₱35,401,209	₱401,132	₱35,802,341

24.2 Sale of Real Estate to Ultimate Parent Company

In 2023, 2022 and 2021, the Group sold condominium units to ABS totaling ₱5,195,152, ₱15,445,769 and ₱96,272,362, respectively. The outstanding balance related to these transactions amounted ₱685,584 and ₱75,822,632 as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are presented as part of Contract Receivables under the Receivables account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 5).

24.3 Sale of Real Estate to Key Management Personnel

In 2022, 2020, and 2017, the Group sold condominium units totaling ₱34,868,415, ₱52,101,000, and ₱19,767,900, respectively, to key management personnel. Outstanding balance related to these transactions amounted to ₱53,973,659 as at December 31, 2022. These are presented as part of Contract Receivables under the Receivables account in the consolidated statements of financial position (see Note 5).

25. EQUITY

25.1 Capital Stock

Details of the authorized capital stock as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	Shares		Amount	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Preferred Shares – P0.10 par value				
Authorized	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	₱ 100,000,000	₱ 100,000,000
Common Shares – P1.00 par value				
Authorized	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	₱10,000,000,000	₱10,000,000,000
Issued				
Balance at beginning and end of year	3,623,451,997	3,623,451,997	₱3,623,451,997	₱3,623,451,997
Treasury Stock				
Balance at beginning of year	158,250,530	161,600,000	732,664,604	748,171,901
Reissued during the year	–	(3,349,470)	–	(15,507,297)
Balance at end of year	158,250,530	158,250,530	732,664,604	732,664,604
Issued and outstanding	3,465,201,467	3,465,201,467	₱2,890,787,393	₱2,890,787,393

As disclosed in Note 1.1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Parent Company had an IPO of 430,000,000 unissued common shares at an offer price of ₱5 per share, which is equivalent to ₱2,150,000,000, on June 2, 2017. Accordingly, the Parent Company recognized additional paid-in capital of ₱1,608,917,974 in the consolidated statements of financial position after deducting related share issuance costs of ₱111,082,026.

As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, common shares issued is ₱3,623,451,997 which amounts to ₱3,623,451,997. There is no issued preferred stock as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

The share price of the Parent Company's common stock closed at ₱2.59 and ₱2.80 per share on June 30, 2023 and December 29, 2022, respectively, the last trading days in the PSE.

The Group has no other listed securities as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

25.2 Treasury Shares

An analysis of treasury shares as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively is shown below:

	Shares		Amount	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	158,250,530	161,600,000	₱732,664,604	₱748,171,901
Reissued during the year	–	(3,349,470)	–	(15,507,297)
Balance at end of year	158,250,530	158,250,530	₱732,664,604	₱732,664,604

On February 27, 2018, the BOD of the Parent Company approved a ₱250,000,000 budget for a share buy-back program and employee stock option plan. On March 2022, qualified employees started exercising their stock options.

On March 27, 2020, the BOD of the Parent Company approved an additional ₱500,000,000 stock buy-back program for its valuation plans over the next two years.

In 2022, the Parent Company issued to its qualified officers 3,349,470 common shares out of its treasury shares in relation to the ESOP.

As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, total reacquired shares totals 158,250,530 and 161,600,000, respectively, which amounts to ₱732,664,604 and presented as Treasury Stock in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The common stock of the Parent Company that is held under nominee accounts totaled 1,307,052,405 shares as of December 31, 2022.

25.3 Employee Share Option

On October 6, 2021, the BOD of the Parent Company approved the Executive Stock Option Plan (ESOP) for its qualified officers. The ESOP grants options to purchase the shares of the Parent Company at a price of ₱2.25 or current market price with a 15% discount, whichever is higher. Shares bought under the ESOP cannot be sold, assigned, or transferred in any manner for at least six months from the exercise date. Voting and dividend rights vest upon the issuance of the shares to the employees.

Pursuant to this ESOP, on January 5, 2022, the Parent Company granted share options to qualified officers to subscribe to 31,016,200 common shares of the Parent Company, with the following vesting period.

- The 1st 25% of the options granted can be exercised immediately upon the year of grant;
- The 2nd 25% of the options granted can be exercised one year after the options were granted;
- The 3rd 25% of the options granted can be exercised two years after the options were granted; and,
- The last 25% of the options granted can be exercised three years after the options were granted.

A total of 3,349,470 share options were exercised at a price of ₱2.40 per share in 2022 using the Parent Company treasury shares (see Note 25.2).

The fair value of the option granted was estimated using a variation of the Black-Scholes valuation model that takes into account factors specific to the ESOP. The following principal assumptions were used in the valuation:

Average option life	2.5 years
Average share price at grant date	P 2.86
Average exercise price at grant date	P 2.43
Average fair value at grant date	P 0.15
Average standard deviation of share price returns	20.17 %
Average dividend yield	14.95 %
Average risk-free investment rate	2.59 %

The underlying expected volatility was determined by reference to historical prices of the Parent Company's shares over a period of five years.

25.4 Revaluation Reserves

The components and reconciliation of items of other comprehensive loss presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity at their aggregate amount under the Revaluation Reserves account are shown below.

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	(P13,910,501)	(P13,477,472)
Other comprehensive income:		
Gain on remeasurement of post-employment defined benefit obligation	–	(577,372)
Tax expense	–	144,343
Balance as at end of period	(P13,910,501)	(P13,910,501)

25.5 Retained Earnings

(a) Cash Dividends

On March 20, 2023, the BOD declared regular and special cash dividends of P0.15 and P0.03 per share, respectively, totaling P623,736,264 to stockholders on record as of April 18, 2023. Such dividends were paid on April 28, 2023.

On March 15, 2022, the BOD declared regular and special cash dividends of P0.112 and P0.038 per share, respectively, totaling P519,780,220 to stockholders on record as of April 22, 2022 and were paid on May 17, 2022.

(b) Appropriations

The movements of the appropriated retained earnings in 2023 and 2022 are shown below:

Purpose	January 1, 2023	Releases	Additions	June 30, 2023
Funding of CLP's projects:				
Mactan Lowaii Project/ Costa				
Mira Beachtown Mactan	P551,585,305	(P176,040,234)	–	P375,545,071
Masters Tower	623,204,982	(391,810,168)	–	231,394,814
Casa Mira Towers Bacolod	567,099,274	(79,944,546)	–	487,154,728
Mivela Garden Residences	407,113,996	(183,451,653)	–	223,662,343
Abaca Resort Mactan	392,233,257	(270,961,896)	–	121,271,361
Patria de Cebu	338,758,725	(231,665,466)	–	107,093,259
Casa Mira Towers Guadalupe	274,708,994	(259,907,124)	–	14,801,870
Casa Mira Towers LPU	271,901,531	(209,607,621)	–	62,293,910
Casa Mira Towers CDO	270,133,666	(182,263,832)	–	87,869,834
Velmiro Homes Consolacion	234,736,163	(205,479,851)	–	29,256,312
	P3,931,475,893	(P2,191,132,391)	P–	P1,740,343,502

Purpose	January 1, 2022	Releases	Additions	December 31, 2022
Funding of CLP's projects:				
Casa Mira Towers Mandaue	₱87,799,633	(₱87,799,633)	—	₱—
Cebu Business Park Office	32,762,848	(32,762,848)	—	—
Mactan Lowaii Project/ Costa				
Mira Beachtown Mactan	29,141,419	(29,141,419)	551,585,305	551,585,305
Casa Mira and Velmiro Homes				
Davao	22,346,012	(22,346,012)	—	—
Masters Tower	—	—	623,204,982	623,204,982
Casa Mira Towers Bacolod	—	—	567,099,274	567,099,274
Mivela Garden Residences	—	—	407,113,996	407,113,996
Abaca Resort Mactan	—	—	392,233,257	392,233,257
Patria de Cebu	—	—	338,758,725	338,758,725
Casa Mira Towers Guadalupe	—	—	274,708,994	274,708,994
Casa Mira Towers LPU	—	—	271,901,531	271,901,531
Casa Mira Towers CDO	—	—	270,133,666	270,133,666
Velmiro Homes Consolacion	—	—	234,736,163	234,736,163
	₱172,049,912	(₱172,049,912)	₱3,931,475,893	₱3,931,475,893

On December 6, 2022, the Parent Company's BOD approved the appropriation of ₱3,931,475,893 retained earnings for various projects for capital expenditures, financing costs, and other related development costs.

Details of the appropriation are as follows:

- i. ₱623,204,982 for the on-going development of Masters Tower, which commenced in the second quarter of 2021 and is expected to be completed by fourth quarter of 2025;
- ii. ₱567,099,274 for the on-going development of Casa Mira Towers Bacolod Tower 1 and Tower 2. The on-going development commenced in the first quarter of 2022 and is expected to be completed by the third quarter of 2025;
- iii. ₱551,585,305 for the on-going development of Costa Mira Beachtown Mactan, which commenced in the third quarter of 2022 and is expected to be completed by second quarter of 2026;
- iv. ₱407,113,996 for the on-going development of Mivela Garden Residences, which commenced in the second quarter of 2020 and is expected to be completed by second quarter of 2023;
- v. ₱392,233,257 for the on-going development of Abaca Resort Mactan, which commenced in the third quarter of 2021 and is expected to be completed by fourth quarter of 2024;
- vi. ₱338,758,725 for the on-going development of Patria de Cebu, which commenced in the fourth quarter of 2019 and is expected to be completed by second quarter of 2024;
- vii. ₱274,708,994 for the on-going development of Casa Mira Towers Guadalupe. The Casa Mira Towers Guadalupe is composed of three towers. Tower 1 commenced in the third quarter of 2018 and is expected to be completed by first quarter of 2023.

Tower 2 commenced in the fourth quarter of 2020 and is expected to be completed by third quarter of 2023. Tower 3 commenced in the third quarter of 2021 and is expected to be completed by fourth quarter of 2024;

- viii. ₱271,901,531 for the on-going development of Casa Mira Towers – LPU, which commenced in the second quarter of 2021 and is expected to be completed by second quarter of 2023;
- ix. ₱270,133,666 for the on-going development of Casa Mira Towers CDO, which commenced in the third quarter of 2019 and is expected to be completed by fourth quarter of 2022; and
- x. ₱234,736,163 for the development of Velmiro Homes Consolacion. The project is expected to commence in the first quarter of 2023 and is expected to be completed by first quarter of 2027.

In 2023 and 2022, the Parent Company released the appropriated retained earnings in 2022 and 2021 for funding of certain projects amounting to ₱2,191,132,391 and ₱172,049,912, respectively, to unrestricted retained earnings after partial fulfillment of its intended purpose.

A portion of the Group's retained earnings, equivalent of the cost of treasury shares is legally restricted in accordance with Section 40 of the Revised Corporation Code.

25.6 Non-controlling Interests

The subsidiaries of the Group with significant NCI as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 and are as follows.

Subsidiaries	NCI Ownership %		NCI Equity in Subsidiaries	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
YHEST	50	50	₱4,013,765,852	₱3,875,590,923
El Camino	65	65	1,108,365,180	1,122,368,628
CHDI	50	50	878,703,729	786,666,552
YHES	50	50	888,249,070	686,512,645
GGTT	50	50	300,062,725	267,015,020
YES	50	50	97,266,493	181,981,225
CLI-LITE	12	12	134,388,071	124,588,359
MGR	55	55	105,616,501	101,114,684
CBLRV	50	50	163,525,933	105,222,808
CCPH	50	50	86,782,608	91,485,695
MDC	22	22	79,780,433	79,813,515
BL Ventures	50	50	54,631,785	74,398,398
SPE	36	36	52,079,038	14,296,286
			₱7,963,217,418	₱7,511,051,738

An analysis of the movement of NCI as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Balance at beginning of year	₱7,511,051,738	₱7,092,307,321
Share in net profit during the year	432,265,680	437,003,407
New and additional investments	90,000,000	61,641,010
Dividends	(70,100,000)	(79,900,000)
Balance as at end of period	₱7,963,217,418	₱7,511,051,738

A non-controlling shareholders of CHDI and SPE contributed ₱50,000,000 and ₱40,000,000 in 2023 and ₱41,641,010 for SPE in 2022, respectively, as additional investment. The additional investment in 2022 includes ₱11,641,010 advanced in 2021 under Trade and other payables and reclassified as equity in April 2022. Additionally, non-controlling shareholders of MDC contributed cash of ₱20,000,000 in 2022. In the same year, MGR and BL Ventures declared cash dividends amounting to ₱130,000,000 and ₱16,800,000, respectively, of which ₱71,500,000 and ₱8,400,000 is payable to non-controlling shareholders.

26. EARNINGS PER SHARE

EPS is computed as follows:

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Income available to common stockholders	₱1,682,666,744	₱1,550,498,771
Divided by weighted average number of outstanding common stock	3,465,201,467	3,463,526,732
Basic and diluted EPS	₱0.49	₱0.45

There were no instruments that could potentially dilute basic earnings per share for the periods ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, hence, basic EPS is the same as diluted EPS.

27. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

27.1 Operating Lease Commitments – Group as Lessor

The Group is a lessor under several operating leases covering certain condominium and parking units and retail building space (see Note 12). To manage its risks over these operating leases, the Group retains its legal title over the underlying assets and requires its lessee to pay security deposits at the start of the lease, which are forfeited in case a lessee pre-terminates without prior notice or before the expiry of the lease term without cause. The leases have terms ranging from one to 15 years, with renewal options, and include annual escalation from 5.00% to 10.00%. The future minimum lease receivables under these agreements are presented below.

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Within one year	₱90,877,751	₱68,135,354
After one year but not more than five years	318,416,854	160,020,059
More than five years	117,457,235	93,800,944
	₱526,751,840	₱321,956,357

Rental income amounted to ₱50,004,072 and ₱35,386,304 as at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively (see Note 17). None of the rental income in 2023 and 2022 are relating to variable lease payments.

27.2 Operating Lease Commitments – Group as Lessee

The Group entered into several short-term cancellable leases for its billboards, warehouse and staff house. Rent expense incurred from the short-term cancellable leases amounted to ₱14,787,683 and ₱11,758,153 for June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and is shown as rent under Operating Expenses in the consolidated statements of profit or loss (see Note 19).

As at June 30, 2023, the expected future rentals is expected to be more or less the same with the annual rent expense recognized because of the terms of the leases, which are less than 12 months.

27.3 Completion of Sold Units

The Group is obligated to finish the sold units that are at a certain stage of completion at the time of sale. In 2023, the Group recognized a contract liability amounting to ₱504,284,693 when it collects more than it is entitled to base on the stage of completion of the project development.

27.4 Others

There are other commitments and contingent liabilities that arise in the normal course of the Group's operations that are not reflected in the consolidated financial statements because the possible outflow of economic resource as a result of present obligations is considered improbable or remote or the amount to be provided cannot be measured reliably. As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, management is of the opinion that losses, if any, from these items will not have a material effect on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

28. RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group is exposed to certain financial risks in relation to financial instruments. The Group's financial assets and liabilities by category are summarized in Note 29. The main types of risks are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's risk management focuses on actively securing the Group's short-to-medium term cash flows by minimizing the exposure to financial markets. Long-term financial investments are managed to generate lasting returns.

It does not actively engage in the trading of financial assets for speculative purposes nor does it write options. The most significant financial risks to which the Group is exposed to are described as follows:

28.1 Market Risk

The Group is exposed to market risk through its use of financial instruments and specifically to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk which result from its operating, investing and financing activities.

It has no significant foreign currency exposure risks as most of its transactions are carried out in Philippine pesos, its functional currency.

28.2 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligation. To manage credit risk, the Group maintains credit policies and monitors its exposure to credit risk on a continuous basis.

Receivables balances are being monitored on a regular basis to ensure timely execution of necessary collection intervention efforts. In addition, the credit risk for trade receivables is mitigated as the Group transfers the corresponding title of the subdivision lots, house and lot units, condominium units and parking spaces only upon full payment of the contract price.

(a) Maximum exposure to credit risk

The maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets (including contract assets) as summarized below.

	Notes	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash and cash equivalents	4	₱986,818,537	₱1,434,559,762
Receivables ¹	5	2,749,876,599	3,657,261,050
Contract assets	17.2	38,812,784,354	31,979,063,534
Short-term investments	8	256,349,772	204,836,249
Due from related parties	24.1	57,297,508	35,802,341
Refundable deposits	13	144,724,877	128,384,996
		₱43,007,851,647	₱37,439,907,932

¹ Receivables excludes advances to officers and employees.

(b) Credit quality

The Group classifies cash in banks as high grade as these are deposited with reputable banks.

Other receivables (retention receivable, rent receivable, management fee receivable, receivable from hotel operations and others) and refundable deposits are considered to be unrated. For contracts receivables, standard grade pertains to receivables with no default in payments and are effectively collateralized by the real estate inventories which can be subject to repossession upon non-payment of customers after reasonable collection effort has been exerted by the Group.

	2023					
	Neither past due nor impaired		Unrated	Past due but not impaired	Individually impaired	Total
	High grade	Standard grade				
Cash	₱986,818,537	₱—	₱—	₱—	₱—	₱986,818,537
Receivables						
Contract	—	1,549,679,739	—	593,889,676	—	2,143,569,415
Other	—	—	604,092,636	—	2,214,548	606,307,184
Contract assets	—	38,812,784,354	—	—	—	38,812,784,354
Due from related parties	—	—	57,297,508	—	—	57,297,508
Short-term investments	256,349,772	—	—	—	—	256,349,772
Refundable deposits	—	—	144,724,877	—	—	144,724,877
	₱1,243,168,309	₱40,362,464,093	₱806,115,021	₱593,889,676	₱2,214,548	₱43,007,851,647

	2022					
	Neither past due nor impaired		Unrated	Past due but not impaired	Individually impaired	Total
	High grade	Standard grade				
Cash	₱1,434,559,762	₱—	₱—	₱—	₱—	₱1,434,559,762
Receivables						
Contract	—	2,246,422,576	—	783,807,551	—	3,030,230,127
Other	—	—	625,221,454	—	1,809,469	627,030,923
Contract assets	—	31,979,063,534	—	—	—	31,979,063,534
Short-term investments	204,836,249	—	—	—	—	204,836,249
Due from related parties	—	—	35,802,341	—	—	35,802,341
Refundable deposits	—	—	128,384,996	—	—	128,384,996
	₱1,639,396,011	₱34,225,486,110	₱789,408,791	₱783,807,551	₱1,809,469	₱37,439,907,932

28.3 Liquidity Risk

The Group manages its liquidity needs by carefully monitoring scheduled debt servicing payments for long-term financial liabilities as well as cash outflows due in a day-to-day business. Liquidity needs are monitored on a week-to-week basis, as well as on the basis of a rolling 30-day projection. Long-term liquidity needs for a six-month and one-year period are identified monthly. It maintains cash to meet its liquidity. Excess cash are invested in short-term placements.

As at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Group's financial liabilities have contractual maturities which are presented below.

	Current		Non-current	
	Within 6 Months	6 to 12 Months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 Years
June 30, 2023				
Interest-bearing loans	₱8,151,881,235	₱3,397,358,436	₱20,631,884,071	₱6,637,195,509
Bond payable	—	—	4,009,930,000	990,070,000
Trade and other payables ¹	18,988,782,565	334,385,331	1,750,725,530	—
	₱27,140,663,800	₱3,731,743,767	₱26,392,539,601	₱7,627,265,509
December 31, 2022				
Interest-bearing loans	₱6,173,740,948	₱2,374,903,037	₱21,006,645,481	₱9,462,451,360
Bonds Payable	168,742,525	168,742,525	3,849,718,073	2,423,031,648
Trade and other payables ¹	11,863,581,836	3,807,034,840	3,135,384,424	—
	₱18,206,065,309	₱6,350,680,402	₱27,991,747,978	₱11,885,483,008

¹ Trade and other payables excludes government-related obligations, advance rentals and output VAT.

The contractual maturities reflect the gross cash flows, which may differ from the carrying values of the liabilities at the end of the reporting periods.

29. CATEGORIES AND OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AND FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND DISCLOSURES

29.1 Carrying Amounts and Fair Values by Category

The carrying amounts and fair values of the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities presented in the consolidated statements of financial position are shown below:

		2023		2022	
	Note	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Assets at amortized cost					
Cash and cash equivalents	4	₱986,818,537	₱986,818,537	₱1,434,559,762	₱1,434,559,762
Receivables - net ¹	5	2,749,876,599	2,749,876,599	3,657,261,050	3,657,261,050
Due from related parties	24	57,297,508	57,297,508	35,802,341	35,802,341
Short-term investments	8	256,349,772	256,349,772	204,836,249	204,836,249
Refundable deposits	13	144,724,877	144,724,877	128,384,996	128,384,996
		₱4,195,067,293	₱4,195,067,293	₱5,460,844,398	₱5,460,844,398
Financial Liabilities at amortized cost					
Interest-bearing loans	14	₱38,818,319,251	₱38,818,319,251	₱35,062,290,611	₱32,892,943,912
Bonds payable	15	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000	4,930,582,631	5,074,171,211
Trade and other payables ²	16	21,073,893,426	21,073,893,426	18,806,001,100	18,806,001,100
		₱64,892,212,677	₱64,892,212,677	₱58,798,874,342	₱56,773,116,223

¹ Receivables - net excludes advances to officers and employees.

² Trade and other payables excludes output VAT, government-related obligations and advance rental.

29.2 Offsetting of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The following financial assets with net amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial position are subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements:

	Gross Amount			Related Amounts not set-off		
	Financial Assets	Financial Liabilities Set off	Net Amount	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	Net Amount
June 30, 2023						
Cash and cash equivalents	₱986,818,537	₱—	₱986,818,537	₱982,545,233	₱—	₱4,273,304
December 31, 2022						
Cash and cash equivalents	₱1,434,559,762	₱—	₱1,434,559,762	₱554,474,038	₱—	₱880,085,724

The following financial liabilities with net amounts presented in the consolidated statements of financial position are subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements:

	Gross Amount			Related Amounts not set-off			
	Financial Assets	Financial Liabilities Set off	Net Amount	Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	Net Amount	
June 30, 2023							
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	₱38,818,319,251	₱—	₱38,818,319,251	₱982,545,233	₱—	₱37,835,774,018	
December 31, 2022							
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	₱35,062,290,611	₱—	35,062,290,611	₱554,474,038	₱—	₱34,507,816,573	

For financial assets and financial liabilities subject to enforceable master netting agreements or similar arrangements above, each agreement between the Group and counterparties (i.e., related parties and contractors) allows for net settlement of the relevant financial assets and liabilities when both elect to settle on a net basis. In the absence of such an election, financial assets and liabilities will be settled on a gross basis, however, each party to the master netting agreement or similar agreement will have the option to settle all such amounts on a net basis in the event of default of the other party.

29.3 Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures

(a) Fair Value Hierarchy

In accordance with PFRS 13, *Fair Value Measurement*, the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities and non-financial assets which are measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis and those assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which fair value is disclosed in accordance with other relevant PFRS, are categorized into three levels based on the significance of inputs used to measure the fair value.

The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- (a) Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that an entity can access at the measurement date;
- (b) Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and,
- (c) Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level within which the financial asset or liability is classified is determined based on the lowest level of significant input to the fair value measurement.

For purposes of determining the market value at Level 1, a market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

For investments which do not have quoted market price, the fair value is determined by using generally acceptable pricing models and valuation techniques or by reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same after taking into account the related credit risk of counterparties, or is calculated based on the expected cash flows of the underlying net asset base of the instrument.

When the Group uses valuation technique, it maximizes the use of observable market data where it is available and relies as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine the fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. Otherwise, it is included in Level 3.

(b) *Financial Instruments Measured at Amortized Cost for which Fair Value is Disclosed*

The table below summarizes the fair value hierarchy of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not measured at fair value in the 2023 and 2022 consolidated statements of financial position, but for which fair value is disclosed.

	2023			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	₱986,818,537	₱—	₱—	₱986,818,537
Receivables - net ¹	—	—	2,749,876,599	2,749,876,599
Due from related parties	—	—	57,297,508	57,297,508
Short-term investments	256,349,772	—	—	256,349,772
Refundable deposits	—	—	144,724,877	144,724,877
	₱1,243,168,309	₱—	₱2,951,898,984	₱4,195,067,293
Financial Liabilities				
Interest-bearing loans	₱—	₱—	₱38,818,319,251	₱38,818,319,251
Bond payable	—	—	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000
Trade and other payables ²	—	—	21,073,893,426	21,073,893,426
	₱—	₱—	₱64,892,212,677	₱64,892,212,677
	2022			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	₱1,434,559,762	₱—	₱—	₱1,434,559,762
Receivables - net ¹	—	—	3,657,261,050	3,657,261,050
Due from related parties	—	—	35,802,341	35,802,341
Short-term investments	204,836,249	—	—	204,836,249
Refundable deposits	—	—	128,384,996	128,384,996
	₱1,639,396,011	₱—	₱3,821,448,387	₱5,460,844,398
Financial Liabilities				
Interest-bearing loans	₱—	₱—	₱35,062,290,611	₱35,062,290,611
Bonds payable	—	—	4,930,582,631	4,930,582,631
Trade and other payables ²	—	—	18,806,001,100	18,806,001,100
	₱—	₱—	₱58,798,874,342	₱58,798,874,342

¹ Receivables - net excludes advances to officers and employees.

² Trade and other payables excludes output VAT, government-related obligations and advance rental.

For the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost, management has determined that their carrying amounts are equal to or approximate their fair values, except for interest-bearing loans, because of their short-term nature.

(c) *Fair Value Measurement for Non-financial Assets*

The Group has no non-financial assets measured at fair value as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. However, the fair values of its investment properties are required to be disclosed, as shown in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

The table below shows the Levels within the hierarchy of non-financial assets (investment property), which are not carried at fair value but whose fair value are required to be disclosed on a recurring basis as at December 31, 2022.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investment property	P=	P=	P20,627,177,086	P20,627,177,086

In 2022, the fair value of the Group's Investment Properties is determined on the basis of the appraisals performed by an independent external appraiser with appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations. To some extent, the valuation process was conducted by the appraiser in discussion with the Group's management with respect to the determination of the inputs such as the size, age, and condition of the parcels of land and buildings, and the comparable prices in the corresponding property location.

The fair value of these parcels of land, condominium units and retail building were determined based on the following approaches:

(a) Fair Value Measurement for Land, Condominium Units and Retail Buildings

The Level 3 fair value of the parcels of land, condominium units, retail building and parking slots under Investment Properties account was determined using the market approach, adjusted for differences in key attributes such as properties size, zoning and accessibility.

Under the market approach, when comparable lease offerings of similar properties and sales prices of comparable land properties in close proximity are used in the valuation of the subject property with insignificant adjustment on the price, fair value is included in Level 2. Consequently, if the observable recent prices of the reference properties were adjusted significantly for differences in key attributes such as properties size, zoning and accessibility, the fair value is included in Level 3. The most significant input into this valuation approach is the price per square foot; hence, the higher the price per square foot, the higher the fair value.

(b) Fair Value Measurement for Improvements under Retail Buildings

The Level 3 fair value of building improvements presented as part of retail buildings under Investment Properties account was determined using the cost approach that reflects the cost to a market participant to construct an asset of comparable usage, construction standards, design and layout, adjusted for obsolescence. The more significant inputs used in the valuation include direct and indirect costs of construction such as but not limited to, labor and contractor's profit, materials and equipment, surveying and permit costs, electricity and utility costs, architectural and engineering fees, insurance and legal fees. These inputs were derived from various suppliers and contractor's quotes, price catalogues, and construction price indices. Under this approach, higher estimated costs used in the valuation will result in higher fair value of the properties.

There has been no change on the valuation techniques used by the Group, except as indicated above, during the period for its investment properties. Also, there were no transfers into or out of Level 2 fair value hierarchy for the year ended December 31, 2022.

30. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES, POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurate with the level of risk.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity as presented in the consolidated statements of financial position. Capital for the reporting periods under review is summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Total interest-bearing loans and borrowings and bonds payable	₱43,538,326,058	₱39,992,873,242
Total equity	22,523,711,053	21,012,614,893
Debt-to-equity ratio	1.93:1.00	1.90:1.00

The Group's goal in capital management is to limit a maximum debt-to-equity structure ratio of 75:25 on a monthly basis. The Parent Company is required to maintain certain financial ratios in relation with its borrowings (see Note 14). The Group has complied with its covenant obligations as at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to its overall financing structure, i.e., equity and financial liabilities. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.